# The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 15, 1867. NO. 211.


## THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the New York Times.

*THE SOUTH AND RECONSTRUCTION.*

The Richmond *Enquirer* puts to us the following questions:

"We wish to ask the New York *Times* a question: Are the Southern people *bound*, so far as their own action and agency are appealed to, to support the Constitution?—We have been required to take an oath to support it—must we keep that oath? If the answer be in the affirmative, how can we become a *party* to the Congressional legislation in reference to the Southern States? We can submit to *force*—and *endure* while Congress *does*—but can we take part and give acceptance and concurrence without perjury?

* * * * * * *

"We will suggest further—if the Government is in a state of revolution, such as the *Times* describes; and if this revolution receives the sanction of the people to such a degree as to command respect, as the *Times* seems to argue; *would it not be decent to suspend the oath to support the Constitution until the job is ended?* It would save a great deal of perjury in high places—as such things are understood in the benighted South."

We will answer these questions as well as we can:

1. We do not see that the Southern States "*become a party to*" the legislation of Congress by accepting it as law and obeying its requirements. Congress has passed a law providing for elections, conventions and other steps in the reorganization of governments in the Southern States. That law may or may not be constitutional, but the Southern people are not responsible for it. They were not "parties to it" in any sense. They did not vote for it; its validity does not depend on their accepting or assenting to it. It will go into effect, and the Southern State governments will be organized under its provisions, whether they accept or reject it. All they do is to "submit to *force*." They take the law as they find it,—as it is made *for* them by those who, for the time, have the power to make it.

We cannot see that their taking an oath to support the Constitution has anything whatever to do with this question. That oath does not forbid their *obeying* an unconstitutional law—though it might forbid their *making* one. They find a certain law in force—they are in no wise responsible for it—they had nothing to do with making it—they are merely the parties upon whom it is to take effect. They avail themselves of power which it puts in their hands, for their own protection against others whom it clothes with the same power. It requires very sharp optics to detect in this anything like "perjury."

2. Perhaps it would be "decent" to "suspend the oath to support the Constitution until the job is ended," but what of that? Does the *Enquirer* expect to get it suspended? Or will its opinion that it *ought* to be suspended, in the least change the consequence of its refusal to act under the law? The question may be sharp as a taunt,—but it has little practical importance.

We should be glad if the *Enquirer* and all other Southern journals could act upon the fact that this whole matter of reconstruction has become one for *practical action*, not for argument or speculation. In our judgment, the great, pressing, necessity of the Southern States is to get back into the Union,—not theoretically, but actually;—not to demonstrate that they *are* there according to the Constitution—but to get there in such a way that they can be recognized, can send Senators and Representatives into Congress, can have a voice and votes in making laws and electing Presidents and shaping the action of the National Government. The sooner they can do this the better for themselves. Until they do it they are mere *subjects* of a power *ab extra*,—wholly separate and alien to them. They have no share in making the laws which force compels them to obey. They are utterly powerless, and must so remain until, by some means or other, they can resume their actual representation in Congress.

The law of the last session provides a way of doing this. It may or may not be constitutional—but that is not *their* affair. They did not make it, nor help to make it, nor give any assent or consent to its being made. But it will bring them again into the actual possession and exercise of their share of political power in the national government—and it will thus give them precisely what they lack, and what they *must* have before they can do anything whatever to help themselves, or to protect their own rights and interests as part and parcel of the American Union.

If the *Enquirer* and others among their advisers deem it wise to stand aloof and discuss the constitutionality of the law, very well. They have the right to do it. If they prefer standing upon scruples and refinements of law or of logic, very well—They can do so. But that is all they can do. They cannot affect the practical action of the government, upon this or any other matter, in the slightest degree, one way or the other.

This does not seem to us either sensible or wise, because it is not practical and cannot possibly advance the interests or secure the rights of the Southern States. Grant that the law is the result of a revolution in the practical administration of the National Government,—as we think it is,—still it is an *actual* revolution;—it comes from a government in possession and exercise of sovereign power,—a government which makes laws, and has the power at command to enforce them. It strikes us as wise and right to obey those laws at all events until they can be changed,—and to use the power they confer, if with no other motive, in order to get the power to help change them.

This is our reply to the queries of the *Enquirer*.

---

A Washington letter to the Huntsville (Ala.) *Advocate* recently asserted that Gov. Patton, of that State, had promised, under certain circumstances, to secure the vote of Alabama for the Radical candidate for President at the next election; but in reply to a dispatch from Mobile addressed to Governor Patton, at Montgomery, and asking if the report was true, his private Secretary telegraphed: "Governor Patton is absent. Not one word of truth in the report to which you refer."

---

A Democrat, at Worcester, Mass., who won $5,000 on the Connecticut election, gave the workmen in his employ, 400 in number, a holiday, paying them full price for their time, and gave vent to his joy by firing a salute of a hundred guns.


### AUCTION SALES.

**IMPORTANT TO PRINTERS!**

ON TUESDAY, THE 30TH APRIL, THE UNdersigned, as Trustee of Wm. B. Smith & Co., will expose to sale, at public auction, the material belonging to the Printing Establishment of said firm, including, among other things,

**One Northrop Cylinder Power Press,**

suitable for newspaper work, and does fair book work, and is in good running order.

ONE RUGGLES CARD PRESS,

almost new, and for fine and rapid card work unsurpassed.

*CHASES, GALLEYS, TYPE OF VARIOUS KINDS,*

for book, newspaper and job work. Also, a large quantity of Printer's supplies, consisting of news and book ink of various colors, cards, paper &c.

Also, a number of copies of "NAMELESS," a novel, and "MOSSES FROM A ROLLING STONE," and also sheets of the same unbound.

Also, two fine desks, chairs, sofas, gas pipe and fixtures, and numerous other articles to close out.

A rare opportunity is offered to Printers to supply themselves with either news or job office.

Also, a large quantity of

GARDEN SEEDS.

TERMS CASH.

Those indebted to the late firm are requested to make payment immediately or the same will be placed in a train of collection.

The sale will take place in the rooms where the Printing establishment was carried on and will continue until all is sold,

For further particulars, address the undersigned.

In my absence, information may be obtained from Messrs. Williams & Lambeth, Book sellers and Stationers, No. 40, Fayetteville Street.

R. W. YORK,
Trustee.

April 10-208-tds2aw

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,**

**Fayetteville Street,**

**RALEIGH, N. C.**

I HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING to my friends, and the traveling public, that I have leased the

YARBROUGH HOUSE,

for a term of years. The house will be

**Repainted and Furnished**

with new and elegant furniture at once.

I return sincere thanks to my patrons for their very kind and liberal patronage, received while in charge of the EXCHANGE HOTEL in this city.

I promise that the Yarbrough House shall have no superior in the South.

J. M. BLAIR.

mar 21-199-tf

**ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.**

RALEIGH, N. C., March 18th, 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS received from the Department, all persons residing in the 4th Division, 4th District of N. C., will make returns, at once, of income for the year 1866, and Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate, &c., held March 1st 1867.

All persons failing to appear and make returns by the 30th day of April, 1867, subject themselves to a penalty of 5 per cent. per month until given in and paid.

I will be in my Office, on Market Square, over Stronach's Store, until after April Court.

J. G. BROMELL,
Assistant Assessor 4th Division, 4th District of N. C.

mar-18-187-4d.

**VALUABLE LANDS AND MILLS FOR SALE.**

NOT being able to attend to my Mills and Farms on Little River, I now offer them for sale. They are located 3 miles above Lowell Cotton Factory and 5 miles from the N. C. R. Road in Johnston County. The said tract contains about

**800 ACRES**

well timbered land, containing enough open land for a 3 or 4 horse Farm, with a comfortable dwelling and all necessary out houses requisite to a farm.

The soil is well adapted to the growth of Cotton and Corn, with ample facility for improvement.

Also, connected with said farm a GRIST MILL, with two pair of stones, and a SAW MILL, all in running order, with water power enough to drive a Cotton Factory.

Also, one other tract, lying on Buffalo Swamp, containing about 500 acres cleared land, enough for a 5 or 6 horse Farm, with low grounds drained by a twenty feet canal with all other ditches necessary. Will make, if well cultivated, 1400 or 500 barrels of corn. The upland is well adapted to the growth of Cotton and Corn, with every facility for improvement.

PHARAOH RICHARDSON.

Mitcheners Depot, N. C., mar 22-190-1m

**HUFHAM & HUGHES,**

**BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.**

Having made large additions to our

*BOOK AND JOB TYPE,*

We are prepared to do all kinds of

**BOOK AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING**

Promptly and in the best style of the art.

**OUR PRINTING PRESSES**

are of the best manufacture in the world, (the same as used by the Harpers, and leading Publishers in N. Y.,) and our facilities for doing work of any kind at the

SHORTEST NOTICE

on the most REASONABLE TERMS, and in SUPERIOR STYLE, equal to any in the country.

Contracts made for the printing of Newspapers and Magazines.

**Blanks, Checks,** plain or colored,
**Cards,**
**Bill Heads,**
**Hand Bills,**
**Posters,**
**Circulars,**
**Letter Heads,**
**&c., &c., &c., &c.,**

At the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

ORNAMENTAL & COLORED PRINTING

To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one thousand pages, expeditiously, economically and satisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,
Jan 5—tf Raleigh, N. C.

**HOUSE FOR RENT.**

The house occupied by the late Mrs. Sarah Stronach, on Hargett St., is for Rent.

For terms, &c., call on W. C. Stronach, No. 6, Market Square.

GEO. T. STRONACH,

April 10-208-6t

**ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!**

**50,000** LBS. OF NICE, CLEAN, PURE ice from fresh running Streams, for sale at 2½ cents per lb. Apply to

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

Feb 26-171-tf

### DRY GOODS.

**1867. 1867.**

**FIRST GRAND OPENING OF NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.**

COME AND SEE THEM, AND IF THE GOODS AND PRICES SUIT YOU, BUY THEM.

I now take the pleasure of informing my numerous friends and customers that I have just returned from the North, and have now in Store,

**10,000 Yards of Beautiful Spring**

AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

embracing all the novelties of the season, which will be sold cheap enough to insure sales. Creech's is the place to buy your Dress Goods.

**PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!**

Just received 8,000 yards of beautiful Spring and Summer Calicoes, which will be sold as cheap as cheapest. Customers cannot do better than to come to Creech's to buy their Calicoes.

CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONADES, &c.

Just received 5,000 yards Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men, Boys and Children, suitable for Spring and Summer wear. I ask you to call and examine my stock before you buy, and you will not regret it.

HOOP SKIRTS! HOOP SKIRTS!!

A large and varied stock of Hoop Skirts, both as to price and quality.

LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, NEW STYLES FOR 1867.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, prices ranging from $1 to $6. Misses from 50 cts. to $1. Creech's is the place to buy your Hats and Bonnets.

**Gent's Hats, Hats, Hats!**

Just received a fine assortment of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Children's Hats—cheaper than ever. Come to Creech's to buy your Hats.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

Just received 3000 pair Gent's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,—will be sold cheap enough to meet the hard times. Come and see prices and quality.

**Groceries and Crockery Ware.**

A good stock of Family Groceries, and Crockery ware, and will be sold as low as any in the city. Don't say you won't come and see, but say you will. If you have laid up your money for a rainy day, that rainy day has come. So come to Creech's to buy your goods. You will find me at R. Smith's corner, always ready and willing to serve you right.

mar 23-194-tf A. CREECH.

**JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &C.**

**WM. H. THOMPSON,**

**WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,**

**24 Fayetteville Street 24**

**RALEIGH, N. C.**

HAS just returned from the North and opened at his old stand, a splendid variety of

**Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.**

repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD-PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.

A choice lot of elegant STATIONERY, also in Store, and many little nicelies that will repay inspection.

Old GOLD and SILVER bought and sold.

Feb 25-170-3m

### RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

**ALLAN & JOHNSON.**

**WHOLESALE**

**Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.**

**1308 MAIN ST.,**

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

**Richmond, Va.**

Oct 13-1y

R. H. MAURY, J. L. MAURY, R. TROOKE.

**R. H. MAURY & CO.**

ESTABLISHED IN 1838.

**BANKERS AND BROKERS,**

No. 1014 MAIN STREET,

**First House Below the Post Office,**

RICHMOND, VA.

**Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.**

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States. de

Feb 7-155-3m

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**READ this!**

**MRS. FRANKLIN**

BEGS LEAVE to inform her friends and patrons, and the public, that she is now receiving her Spring and Summer stock of

**MILLINERY GOODS,**

and would be pleased to show them to any person in want of such goods

She pledges herself to sell as cheap as the same can be had in this market.

**BLEACHING, PRESSING AND DYING**

done at short notice, opposite Court House.

MRS. J. B. FRANKLIN.

mar-18-2awtw.

Progress and Standard copy.

**"THE SQUARE AND COMPASS,"**

**A Weekly Masonic Newspaper**

PUBLISHED BY

**JOSEPH G. HESTER,**

CITY HALL, RALEIGH, N. C.

This journal will be devoted to the interests of masonry and the dissemination of all knowledge calculated to promote and foster the craft. It will contain a full and complete summary of all the most important current news of the week.

It will also give to its readers many interesting literary articles, and in every issue an entertaining novellette.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

| | |
|---|---|
| One year | $3.00 |
| 6 months | 2.00 |
| 3 months | 1.00 |

Advertisements inserted on reasonable terms.

Agents wanted in every town and village.

April 10-208-tf

### MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B. HUNTER, Granville Co., N. C. E. H. LASSITER, Northampton Co., N. C.

**HUNTER & LASSITER,**

[FORMERLY CONANT & HUNTER,]

**Cotton Factors, & General Commission MERCHANTS,**

CORNER OF HIGH AND WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Feb 6-154-3m

**SEGARS AND TOBACCO.**

WE are in receipt of a lot of Segars and Chewing Tobacco that can't be beaten. Call and see.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Dec 12-tf

**NOTICE!!!**

FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING A Family Grocery, I have established myself on the North Side of Market Square, in the Brick Store next to Fayetteville Street, where I shall keep constantly on hand a carefully selected Stock, consisting,

FLOUR, MEAL, GRAIN,
BACON, LARD, CHEESE,
SUGAR, MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA,
SOAP,
CANDLES,
RICE,
SALT, &c., &c.

to which I respectfully invite the attention of my friends and the public.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Raleigh, Mar 11-189-3m

**1867. SPRING TRADE. 1867.**

8 x 10 and 10 x 12 Glass.
10 x 15 and 12 x 18 ditto.
300 lbs., Bladder Putty.

J. BROWN.
mar 11-189-tf With HART & LEWIS.

**TANNER'S OIL.**

ANOTHER lot of that Superior Fish Oil for Tanner's use, just to hand.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

Dec 17-tf

**STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. $3000 REWARD!**

**A Proclamation by His Excellency, Jonathan Worth, Governor of North Carolina.**

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that J. G. BRYANT, late of the County of Wake in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Wiley Sanls, late of said County and State, and that said Bryant is a fugitive from justice:

Now, therefore, in order that the said Bryant may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

In witness whereof, His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22d day of February A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH.
WM. H. BAGLEY, Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.—Peter Lane, is a bright mulatto, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high—weighs 180 or 190 pounds—35 or 40 years old—heavy goatee—full face—high forehead—likely—quite intelligent—very polite—quick spoken—and is a black-smith by trade.

Feb 22-168-1m

**R. PEDDLE,**

**AMERICAN HOTEL,**

Kept on the European Plan,

*No. 56 MAIN STREET,*

NORFOLK, VA.

**CHARGES:**

| | |
|---|---|
| Board Per Day | $2 50 |
| " Per Week | 15 00 |
| Supper Lodging and Breakfast | 2 00 |
| Dinner | 75 |
| Breakfast | 75 |
| Suppers | 50 |

Rooms can be had independent of meals, and gentlemen coming to Norfolk on business will find this arrangement much more convenient with less expense than under the old style of hotel keeping.

Meals served to order at all hours of the day and night.

The finest Lynnhaven Oysters always on hand.

BENJAMIN PEDDLE,
April 4-203-2awlm PROPRIETOR.

**FOR RENT OR SALE.**

A valuable house and lot in this city, for rent or sale.

Apply to R. C. BADGER.

Feb. 14—161-tf

**LIME.**

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates.

Cash per ton at Salisbury accurately limed $12 00
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $2 00
" " Philadelphia, 2 50
" " Raleigh, 2 70

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station,
Dec 5-tf W. N. C. R. R.

SMOKING and Chewing Tobacco.

Dec 17-tf R. K. PEEBLES'S.

**WANTED.**

A YOUNG LADY DESIRES A SITUATION as Teacher, in a private family, or school.

Address
MISS. LOUISE TRACY,
Wilmington, N. C.

mar 23-195-tf

**Parasols! Parasols! Parasols!**

A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT.

mar 20-195-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**ASTROLOGY.**

**THE WORLD ASTONISHED**

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

**Madame H. A. PERRIGO.**

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence retained or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address, MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
P. O. DRAWER 253, BUFFALO, N. Y.

April 6-203-1y-ad

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

**By the use of**

**CHASTELLAR'S**

**WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL,**

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 20,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists
April 6—205-1ydaw 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

**CRISPER COMA.**

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair.
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

**CRISPER COMA,**

**For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.**

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to
W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, Syracuse, N. Y.
April 6-1ydaw

**WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES!**

FORCED to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

April 6-1yday

**BEAUTY!**

AUBURN, GOLDEN, FLAXEN & SILKEN CURLS,

PRODUCED by the use of Prof. DE DREUX FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls. Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River st., Troy, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States.

April 8-1yday

**EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!**

**CHASTELLAR'S Hair Exterminator.**

**For Removing Superfluous Hair.**

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,
285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

April 5-1ydaw

### WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

**WORTH & DANIEL**

**Shipping & Commission Merchants,**

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents.

Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.

Feb 6-154-2m

### NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

**GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.**

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

**ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.**

OF NEW YORK,

AND

**SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,**

OF NEWARK, N. J.

**Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in**

**Men's and Boys' Clothing.**

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

Feb 15-162-3m

THE

**REMINGTONS' FIRE ARMS.**

**Sold by the Trade Generally.**

A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO DEALERS.

**200,000 furnished the U. S. Government.**

| | |
|---|---|
| Army Revolver, | 44-100 in. Calibre, |
| Navy Revolver, | 36-100 in. Calibre, |
| Belt Revolver, | Navy Size Calibre, |
| Police Revolver, | Navy Size Calibre, |
| New Pocket Revolver, | 31-100 in Calibre, |
| Pocket Revolver, (Rider's pt.) | 31-100 in Calibre, |
| Repeating Pistol, (Elliot pt.) | No. 22 & 32 Cartr'ge, |
| Vest Pocket Pistol, | No. 22, 30, 32 and 41 Cartr'ge, |
| Gun Cane, | No. 22 and 32 Cartridge, |
| Breech Loading Rifle, (Beals') | No. 32, & 38, " |
| Revolving Rifle, | 36 and 44-100 in Calibre, |

E. REMINGTON & SONS, Ilion, New York.

PRINCIPAL AGENTS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Moore & Nichols, | New York |
| Wm. Read & Sons, | Boston |
| Jos. C. Grubb, & Co | Philadelphia |
| Poultney & Trimble | Baltimore |
| Henry Folsom & Co | New Orleans |
| Johnson, Spencer & Co | Chicago |
| L. M. Rumsey & Co | St. Louis |
| Albert E. Crane, | San Francisco |

Feb 16-163-3m*

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Oil, and in doing so we unhesitatingly pronounce it SUPERIOR TO ANY BURNING OIL in Use. It is Non-Explosive. Free from Grease. It will not grease the hands. It will not soil or grease the clothing. It is more brilliant than Gas. It produces a soft and beautiful light. It is not so trying to the eyes. It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by adopting our

LIGHT HOUSE OR RATCHET BURNERS.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the

THE BEST AND MOST RELIABLE OIL

now in the market; and in consequence of the many serious accidents arising from the EXPLOSION OF KEROSENE, this Oil is extensively known and used in preference.

We are now prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable Oil, and we solicit from the public an examination and trial.

We have on hand a large stock of

LAMPS, BURNERS, CHIMNEYS, WICKS, &c.,

and can supply the trade on liberal terms.

**First Premium Awarded at the Louisiana State Fair held in New Orleans, from Nov. 26 to 27th, 1866, against all Competitors.**

H. D. NORRELL, Gen'l Agent,
120 Maiden Lane, New York.

Feb 15-162-3m

JOHN S. DANCY, of Tarboro, N.C. JOHN H. HYMAN, of Scotland Neck, N. C.

**JOSEPH H. HYMAN,**

**Late of Tarboro, N. C.**

**DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,**

**General Commission Merchants,**

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandize,

**No. 24, Exchange Place, NEW YORK.**

Aug. 26-tf

**J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.**

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

**Shipping and Commission Merchants,**

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

Refer to—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.

JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. [illegible]

Feb. 20-6m

**FOR [illegible]**

**Valuable City [illegible] Sale.**

ONE OF THE MOS[illegible] and Lots in the [illegible] lately occupied by Mrs. [illegible]. The House contains 10 [illegible] Lot about 2½ acres [illegible] mented with Shrubbery, Cons[illegible] the rarest flowers and gardens [illegible] and choice fruit trees, all ne[illegible] ings, and well of pure wate[illegible] be given immediately.

W. H. & [illegible] TUCKER.

mar 2-175-tf

### IRON AND TIN WARE.

**1867. Spring Trade. 1867.**

20 doz. Mill Saw Files, assorted, 3 to 14 Inches.
50 " Cut Tacks, assorted, 2½ to 16 oz.

ALSO,

Carry Combs, Horse, Shoe and Scrub Brushes, Bed and Plate Castors.

Wholesale and Retail.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, March 25-193-tf With Hart & Lewis

**NEW ARRIVAL KEROSENE LAMPS.**

TIN, Bronzed, Gilt and Glass Hand Lamps, Dining Room and Parlor Lamps, all complete.

ALSO,

Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, mar 22-191-tf With Hart & Lewis.

**1867. Spring Trade. 1867.**

*AT NO. 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.*

**GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF**

Hardware, Cutlery, Tools, Crockery, Glass, Buggy Materials, Iron and Steel, Nails.

ALSO,

Workers in Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper and Zinc.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, mar 30-199-tf With Hart & Lewis.

JUST RECEIVED.

Small Cook Stoves, for small families.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 1-200-tf With Hart & Lewis.

**USEFUL!**

GUANO DROPPERS.
GUANO SIEVES.

J. BROWN,
April 8-206-tf With Hart & Lewis.

**HARDWARE.**

WOSTENHOLM & SONS' HEAVY RAZORS, Fine Barber's Shears,
Large Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.

J. BROWN,
April 11-209-tf With Hart & Lewis.

### RAILROADS.

**RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD. 1867**

**Through Freight Tariff.**

**NORTH AND SOUTH,**

**BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!!**

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rates.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK.

By the Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Co., Livingston, Fox & Co., Agents, No. 60 Liberty street, or Pier 36 North River N. Y.

FROM BALTIMORE.

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

C. R. ALLEN,
Dec. 5—tf Freight Agt R. & G. R. R.

### MEDICINES, &C.

**SAUNDERS'**

**CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.**

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable, No Calomel in it. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum they are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by

B. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

**THE AMERICAN BITTERS.**

**The Great Southern Tonic,**

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED.

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally. For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It strengthens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to the nerves. To delicate Ladies and Children it is invaluable—and in fact wherever a pleasant and agreeable Tonic is wanted, this should be used.

Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

Prepared and sold by

B. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

**JOHN W. HINSDALE,**

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

[illegible] Greenville N. C.

[illegible]

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every evening, except Sunday, on the following terms:

| | |
|---|---|
| For one month | $1,00 |
| For two months | 2,00 |
| Three months | 3,00 |
| Six months | 5,00 |
| One year | 10,00 |
| Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year | 5,00 |
| " " six months | 2,50 |
| Weekly Sentinel, one year | 3 00 |
| " " six months | 1,50 |

# THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 15, 1867.

## CONFISCATION—AN EXCELLENT REBUKE.

Within a few days past, we have had the pleasure of conversations with gentlemen who have recently travelled extensively through the North. Their concurrent testimony is that the Reconstruction Acts of the Congress are invariably spoken of as a finality, that there is a rapidly growing spirit of conservatism spreading among all classes, and that the idea of confiscation is universally hooted at as not only utterly improbable, but as an insult and a reflection upon the honesty of the Northern people. So far as our own observation, applied to a very large exchange list extending all over the North, has gone, we have not seen a solitary endorsement of the plan of Mr. Stevens or other than expressions of abhorrence of the wholesale robbery which it projects.

The Raleigh *Standard* has circulated large quantities of Mr. Stevens' speech throughout the State, for the purpose of intimidating the people into the support of the class of men whom it represents. Knowing and feeling the popular scorn and detestation in which it and its adherents are deservedly held, it would endeavor to extort, by an appeal to the *fears* of the people, that which they would feel themselves most humiliated and degraded to be compelled, for any reason, to yield. We trust, as we believe, that no one will be influenced by such considerations. We tell the people of North Carolina, that *if* they will come forward and promptly re-construct the State government, under the letter of the Sherman Act—*nothing more, nothing less*,—exercising an honest and independent choice in the selection of good and true men, upon whom they can rely, and who are qualified, under the provisions of the Bill, to take part in the work, *they need have no fear of confiscation.* It is simply held over their heads as a rod of terror by bad and ambitious men, to frighten them into their support. We know the people of North Carolina, and we believe that they would suffer the loss of property, fortune, everything, before they would fawn upon or cringe to the desperate political adventurers here at home, whom they have so much reason to despise. But there is no necessity for such a sacrifice.—They can find hundreds of representative men, in every County, who are not disfranchised, and who are sincerely earnest in the intention to carry out all the requirements of the powers that be, upon whom to bestow their suffrages. This is all that the Congress requires; and, this done, the thought of confiscation will only exist in a few distempered imaginations or depraved hearts.

It is one of the anomalies of human nature, as well as of the age, that while the press and people of the North thus hoot the proposition of confiscation as a stigma upon their honor, their manhood and their good name, it should be advocated by men born and raised in our midst. The spectacle thus presented is one of moral depravity, the like of which the world has never seen even in the darkest days of its history. It never has, and it never will have again, its monstrous parallel. We can conceive of nothing more illustrative of the degeneracy of the times, than that men, born upon our soil, nurtured on its bosom, indebted for all they are and have to their neighbors and fellow-citizens, should advocate the spoliation of their means of livelihood, should propose to take the very bread from the mouths of aged men and little children, should deliberately and wickedly propose to strip the orphan of the little that has been left him from the wreck of the war, in which he lost his father,—and all for what? Only to gratify the promptings of a vindictive nature, or to avenge a disappointed ambition! While large-hearted men and noble women, who were our late enemies, are contributing of their abundance, and even thousands of their scanty means, to relieve the necessities of the destitute and suffering in the South, there are those *of* the South who seek to make the suffering more calamitous and diffusive! While the stranger is giving bread, the unnatural of our own household would give their brethren a stone. While capitalists and others, North, express a deep concern to see the industrial and material interests of our naturally Heaven-gifted section developed and recuperated, some of its own unworthy sons would revel in its utter prostration!—While messages of peace, good will, and sympathy greet us each day from those who were our foes, the seeds of discord and of strife are sought to be scattered broad-cast in *our own* midst. To complete the horrible picture, it is only necessary to say that the very men, who are thus shaming every instinct of our humanity, were more instrumental than all others in involving us in the very difficulties from the results of which we are reaping the crop of bitter experience.

But we have written more than we intended. Our object was to preface a dignified and manly rebuke, from a prominent Republican source, to this spirit and these men. We copy, with great pleasure, the article from the New York *Times*, which will be found in another column.

NEW JERSEY refuses to allow her colored people to vote. The House, which is very strongly Republican, voted down a proposition to accord the privilege, by a vote of 20 in favor to 35 against it. Yet the New Jersey Congressmen undertake to force a different rule on the South!

THERE is, at last, one State in which women may vote. The Senate of Wisconsin, by a vote of 19 to 9, agreed to the Assembly amendment extending suffrage to the fair. The ladies will now be sworn in with ballots as well as their hands.

## U. S. SUPREME COURT.

The developments thus far made in regard to the appeal for injunction, made on behalf of the States of Mississippi and Georgia, to the Supreme Court of the United States, go to confirm our previously expressed views as to the result. No practical present good is likely to come of it. The "higher law" doctrines of the party in power have siezed the Northern mind so far, that nothing but a strong reaction can restore the Constitution and the several departments of the government to their wonted positions. As matters stand, Congress is supreme, and will continue to exercise supreme powers, so long as the party in power maintains its ascendancy. The evidences of reaction at the North are as yet too meagre to justify even the hope of an early return to the first principles of the Federal government.—Hence, the only prudent course of the South is to submit, in good faith, to the demands of the Congress, in the matter of reconstruction. This, we think, the body of all classes in the South is disposed to do. As to our *aeroplanes* of reconstruction on the Congressional plan, that is not a question for us to decide—it is already a fixed law, which we have no idea the Supreme Court will attempt to set aside, until public opinion demands it, and that is not likely to occur until it is too late to secure any practical advantage to the South.

## EUROPEAN AFFAIRS.

The prospect of a war between France and Prussia, growing out of the purposes of France to strengthen her eastern border, has caused some alarm in Europe, and is operating upon the gold and cotton market.—Every Continental power is enlarging its war material, and the disturbances between Turkey and Greece, together with the movements of Prussia, look to a very general collision of arms in Europe. The financial condition of the continent is, however, unfavorable to war, which fact may yet avert the calamity.

The real *status* of European affairs is a matter of much interest to American planters. The price of cotton would be seriously affected by a war in Europe, while the demand for breadstuffs, in that event, would augment the price of wheat and corn. As yet, the question of an early resort to arms hangs in doubt, though the general aspect is threatening.

HON. JOHN POOL.—Perhaps our readers are not aware that this gentleman has recently issued a long-winded "Address to the people of North Carolina," which covers ten closely-printed columns of the Raleigh *Standard*. We never knew a similar production to fall so completely still-born. Outside of the *Standard*, we have seen but one solitary allusion to it in any quarter. We requested a friend to read it and let us know what was in it, and we haven't even heard from him. He evidently couldn't go the ten columns. All this must be highly "embarrassing" to Mr. Pool.

The one allusion, to which we refer, is to be found in a short communication furnished the Concord *Press*. Speaking of Mr. Pool's "inside view of the rebellion," the writer says:

"One case mentioned by Mr. Pool is not only improbable, but unheard of, viz:—'Mothers were taken from helpless infants, and kept for weeks in out houses and pens in the woods, at the mercy and disposal of depraved, brutal men, until their *breasts burst with the accumulation of milk.*' We do not believe a word of this—such a thing never has happened. An abscess may have formed, but the breasts never bursted from 'accumulation of milk.'"

Ten columns of mighty labor for *such* a criticism! Poor Mr. Pool!"

The Springfield *Republican*, commenting on Mr Schade's exposition of the Wirz murder, says:

"His was one of those military trials that constitute the darkest page in our recent political history, which we would be glad to blot out forever from human remembrance.

## INJUSTICE TO MARYLAND.

The Senate of the United States continues to exclude Maryland from her rightful place in that body. The Constitution of the United States expressly declares that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its *equal* suffrage in the Senate.—Maryland has had but one Senator since the 4th of March, although for weeks one of her sons, clothed with the majesty of his State, has been seeking admission to the seat to which he is accredited. It is due to the State that whatever objections may be brought against its representation should be acted on promptly, for the Constitution is violated as much by delay as by absolute refusal. Maryland does not give her consent to this infringement of "equal suffrage." Her citizens are indignant at the affront put upon them by the trumped-up charges against a man she has deemed worthy of Senatorial honors, and as law-abiding citizens they have the right to insist that they shall not be practically denied their right to equal representation with the other States of this Union.—*Nat. Intel.*

A GOOD EXAMPLE.—From the *Republican* of yesterday, we gather the proceedings of a meeting of Southern "Loyalists" held last week in Wytheville, for the purpose of appointing delegates to the April Convention in Richmond. The negroes who constituted the majority of the meeting, through their speakers, successfully combated the destructive and iniquitous doctrines inculcated by the "mean white men" who undertook to control its action, and, better still, refused to elect any of that class as delegates to the convention, preferring, with one exception, to appoint as their representatives men of their own color, and respectable white *gentlemen* in whose honor and fidelity they could rely. We hope the example thus set may meet with many imitators, and we have every reason to believe that these hopes will be realized, and that the more intelligent portion of the colored people appreciate at their true value the unprincipled and mischievously disposed whites who seek to sow discension between the two races.—*Petersburg News.*

A Washington dispatch says that a number of Virginia [illegible] arrived in that city on Monday, for the purpose of consulting with leading [illegible] on reconstruction matters. [illegible] such a situation that it [illegible] to hold a State Convention, [illegible] was proposed, and it is [illegible] the meeting called for this day [illegible] provide for holding a Convention early [illegible], to be composed of Republican U[illegible]ts without regard to race or color.

[From the N. Y. Times, Republican.]

## CONFISCATION—THE EXTREMISTS AND THEIR THREATS.

The Stevens plan of confiscation has an indorser in the Raleigh (N. C.) *Standard*, a journal controlled by Ex-Governor Holden and reflecting the views of those who would manipulate reconstruction in the interest of an extreme party. In the first place the *Standard* promulgates the idea of confiscation as a contingency by no means improbable, but which may, perchance, be averted by an immediate compliance with the conditions prescribed by Congress.

"We feel sure that the lands of the great body of the Southern people are in no danger *yet* of confiscation. They would have been in no danger in any event if the States had accepted promptly the Howard Amendment and returned to the Union. But the lands of the instigators and leaders of the rebellion have been in danger from the first. Recent events have not diminished that danger. We cannot predict what will be done with the property of these leaders.—They may save it yet if they will, but we confess, from our knowledge of their proud, stubborn and defiant disposition, that we can have but little hope that they will."

In the next place, the Standard insists upon the equity of a certain amount of confiscation, whether the purpose of its previous threat be accomplished or not:

"Mr. Stevens has solemnly declared that he will devote his remaining strength to the work of confiscation. His influence in Congress is well known. The great body of the Northern people and many of our own people feel that it would be an act of gross and crying injustice to free the slaves and give them no lands; and to say the least, it would be better that the large bodies of land held by Southern rebels be cut up into small farms for the poor whites and the colored people. Revolutions never go backwards, and this revolution has not yet run its course."

The effect of writing of this character cannot but be mischievous. It introduces a new element of uncertainty into the South, intensifies its industrial paralysis, and heightens the distrust which already deters capitalists from embarking in its enterprises. It shows that, in the opinion of politicians who claim a peculiar right to manage affairs, and a peculiar influence over Congressional action, a sweeping measure of confiscation is in itself righteous, and should be pressed upon the country.

The *Standard* mis-states the case, however when it declares that "the great body of the Northern people" favor the measure, and that the influence of Mr. Stevens in Congress is a guarantee of its ultimate adoption. The personal influence of Mr. Stevens we have no inclination to depreciate; but the last two sessions have abundantly proved that that influence, large as it is, does not enable him to carry points at variance with the general sentiment of the party. We should be sorry to lose him from the political arena, and are content he shall "devote his remaining strength to the work of confiscation," because the failure of his efforts in that regard does not admit of doubt. The reception accorded to his Confiscation bill is evidence of this. It met no response in the House, and was postponed indefinitely by its author, because an attempt to pass it would have quickly ended in its rejection. With all their radicalism, the majority members are not prepared to sustain a scheme that is repugnant to the moral sense and the humanity of the North. They know that the "great body of the Northern people" not only have no desire to seize the lands of the planters and divide them among the freedmen, but would frown down such a project as barbarous, unjust and eminently impolitic.

The current opinion at the North flows in a direction widely different from that on which the extremists of North Carolina base their calculations. Their reasoning is as unsound as their axiom. Revolutions do sometimes "go backwards," or rather, their violence sometimes produces a reaction which undoes their work and permanently neutralizes their influence. The more sensible of the Radical journals, recognizing the imminence of reaction as a consequence of too violent proceedings, are earnest in their condemnation of the very measures on which the Holden faction build their hopes. The Chicago *Tribune*, than which the Radicals have few abler or more influential organs, condems confiscation, and repudiates it in behalf of the party. When Mr. Stevens introduced his bill, the *Tribune* denounced it as a libel on the Northern people, who want no measure of vengeance, and will tolerate none of robbery. The same journal denounces the recent propositions of Mr. Sumner, and in effect declares that no party could live after giving them its sanction.

The truth is, that the recklessness with which the ultra radicals have pushed their projects has alarmed the more thoughtful of the Republican journalists, who see that the ascendancy of the party is imperilled by propositions and measures at variance with the calm judgment of the Northern people. The defeat in Connecticut has enabled them to realize the danger and has elicited protests and warnings which they who aspire to be leaders of the party cannot prudently disregard. The Philadelphia North American, the Providence Journal, the Springfield Republican, the Boston Advertiser, and other journals of similar position and character, have emphasized the lesson of Connecticut, and urged the necessity of greater moderation and tolerztion as essential to the future unity and success of the party. Its worst enemies, they declare, are the men who in its name urge demands, and indulge threats and make demonstrations, which neither the country nor the majority of the party will sustain. In these utterances we think may be discerned the beginning of a movement which will purge the Republican organization of its inflammable elements, and redeem it from the disgrace and defeat which extreme radical guidance unquestionably entails. The advocates of confiscation, impeachment and cognate schemes have hitherto exercised an influence utterly disproportionate to their numerical strength. Their pretensions, pushed to the verge of indecency, have misled many as to their power, and possibly the Raleigh *Standard* may be of the number.—The real feeling of the people is that no more should be done as against the South than is needed in the interest of the Union; that there should be no vindictive penalties, no harsh proscription; and the Republican party, potent though it be, cannot afford to ignore the fact.

The Governor of Virginia having delayed the payment of his gas bill till the time for the five per cent. deduction usually allowed for prompt payment had expired, afterwards sent his check to the City Chamberlain of Richmond for the amount less the five per cent. This was not acceptable to the Chamberlain, and he returned the check. The Governor refused to recede from his position, and thereupon an order was issued to cut off the gas. So the Executive Mansion is now in darkness.

Mayor Ludlow, of Norfolk, had two men before him the other day for fighting. Each was fined $5, and one of them bound over to keep the peace. One of the parties, a Yankee, not satisfied with the decision, appealed to the military, and the Mayor was summoned to answer before a military board, whose decision has been forwarded to Gen'l Schofield for approval.

## DOMESTIC SLAVE TRADE.

Granting of freedom to the negroes has not put an ending to the slave trade, which is now, and has for a length of time been, flourishing in North Carolina and border States; with this difference from former days; no one here is benefitted, but a great public injury is inflicted. Men come here from Mississippi, Alabama, Texas, &c., and engage all the able-bodied men that will go with them, to develop the agriculture of that region, and leave behind, to be supported at the public expense, the aged of both sexes, women and children, most of whom will become a burden to the people of the State, and but few of any practical utility, until the children grow up, when they in turn will be carried off, as the former were, to be repeated each succeeding year as the crop of young negroes attain manhood—the women not being wanted. Thus is North Carolina raising negroes to supply the planters of the south, not only without any remuneration, but at heavy cost. Formerly, when a slave was sold to a Southern planter, the price was left in the State in dollars—she now raises them to give away! It requires no mathematician to tell what this will lead to in the way of loss, if some plan cannot be devised to stop the evil. White people emigrate in families, and leave no progeny for a public burden; the able-bodied males of the colored population alone emigrate, and leave behind the aged, helpless, and women and children, but few of whom are able to support themselves, and the majority become a public burden. Another item, not less important, is the loss of a large portion of the able-bodied labor of the State.

It is shrewdly suspected, and no doubt truthfully, that many of the black people induced to leave the State, are taken to Cuba and Brazil and sold. This is much easier done, than to go to Africa for slaves, and Southern men, traveling in Cuba, have actually seen and conversed with black men there sold as slaves, whom they had known in the South. The price which a likely colored man will fetch in Cuba, is said to be about $800 in gold. The safest plan for men of color, who were formerly slaves, is to remain in the State, accept of such wages as their labor is worth to our farmers, be industrious, sober and honest, and not run the risk, for the promise of better wages, of being again sold into slavery, to a Spanish master. If they escape this, the best that they can expect is hard work, and an early grave in the bogs and prairies of the South, away from their families and the homes they leave behind them in what was once the old North State.—*Statesville American.*

## THE PRESIDENT AND THE SENATE.

"The President may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both Houses, or either of them." The Senate, as a branch of the executive power, has been often convened in special session for the purpose of acting upon nominations or treaties to be communicated to them. The President may, at his pleasure, call the Senate at any time, and to meet him at any place. President Jackson, for instance, could have summoned the Senate to meet at the "Hermitage."

The Senate, when called by proclamation, is called "for grave and weighty reasons." When the business of the Senate is disposed of, it is usual for the body to adopt a resolution appointing a committee to wait on the President and inform him that they are ready to adjourn, unless he has some further communication to make.

The Senate, in its present session, was specially called, and for special purposes. Those purposes have not been accomplished. The President has sent in nominations to fill the vacancies in numerous important offices, and the Senate has, in most instances, rejected them on mere party grounds. The President cannot well permit the Senate to leave such "grave and weighty" matters unfinished. He cannot cease to discharge his own duties because they refuse to perform theirs. He should continue to nominate suitable men for the vacant offices. The Senate may reject them unless they are of the extreme Radical party, and supported by the ultra leaders who now dictate to the Senate the rejection or confirmation of all officers.—*National Intelligencer.*

On Wednesday evening last, we listened to a speech delivered by Nathan Martin, the political chief of the colored people in this county, to quite a large number of his brethren assembled in the African Church of this town.

The speaker commenced by informing his audience that when he started to Raleigh to attend the Holden Convention held there, he had no idea what he was going for; but that he very soon found out, after he reached there. The Convention, he said, agreed upon a plan for organizing a great Republican Party, which would secure the negro equal rights, and restore the State to the Union. He told his hearers that they were not capable of holding office, but they should have to give all the offices, for the present, to friendly and capable white men, (We suspect his brethren of the Convention particularly impressed this fact on his mind). He said they must find out the best man and vote for him, but be sure that he is a loyal man,—rebels should not rule the country.

He gave his hearers some very good advice. Among other things, he told them to utterly discard all idea of social equality, and at all times be respectful to the white man. He said that society would always "prove itself," and that the black man must constitute his own society. He denounced amalgamation in severe terms.

But he tickled his audience most, when he spoke of confiscation. He told them that there was certainly a plan on foot to give each of them forty acres of land, and a hundred dollars. The white man might tell them it was not so, but everybody who read the *Standard* knew it was so. He said he was not certain the plan would ever be carried into execution, but it would do them some good just to think about.

Nathan did not seem to have much affection for his mulatto brethren. He said he wanted all men to be either white or black—"no mongrels." Nathan is a very black man himself, and evidently believes in birds of a feather flocking together. We heard one of his mulatto friends make some rather uncomplimentary remarks about him as we passed out.

Nathan's strong point is confiscation, with reference to which he has no doubt been posted by the Editor of the *Standard*.—*Weldon State.*

Governor-elect English, of Connecticut, is receiving presents from his friends. A lady has sent him a hickory cane from Mount Vernon with a charter oak head; and a clergyman has given him a quill from the wing of an eagle, asking him to write his inaugural with it.

A gentleman was waked in the night, and told that his wife was dead. He turned over, drew the coverlid closer, pulled down his night cap, and muttered as he went to sleep again, "Ah! how grieved I shall be in the morning!"

Mrs. Dewey, the Agent for the Hollywood Memorial Association in Western North Carolina, intends sending a box to Richmond on Monday, the 15th, containing the contributions that have been made to the Bazaar to be held in that city on the 23d of this month.—*Charlotte Times.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST!

ON FRIDAY NIGHT LAST, BETWEEN Cooke's Hotel and Mr. Pescud's Residence, A CARVED GOLD BRACELET, in detached peices, with F. A. P. to F. R. engraved on the inside.

If found, a liberal reward will be paid for it, on delivery at THIS OFFICE.

April 15-2t

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

—o—

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 15-212-3m*

Musical Instruction Without Teacher.

WINNER'S PERFECT GUIDE FOR THE Piano, Violin, Flute, Melodeon, Cabinet Organ, Guitar, Accordeon, Fife, Flageolet and Clarionet, designed in its Lessons, Examples and Exercises to impart a Knowledge of playing without the aid of a teacher; with selections of choice Music. Price of each book 75 cts. Sent post-paid. OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, Boston. CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., 568 Broadway, New York.

April 15-4c

COTTON GINS AND PRESSES.

MITCHELL, ALLEN, CO.,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA, FOR HORace L. Emery & Sons' Patent Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers.

This Gin has been selected by "The American Commissioners for the Paris Exhibition," as being superior to all others in the market.

April 1-200-1t

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE,

Twenty Tons of this celebrated Fertilizer, Just received by,

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

April 13-211-tf

CORN! CORN! CORN!

500 bushels Roanoke White Corn, In Store on Consignment.

April 1-200 tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C. SAMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite

Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *guessing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13-211-tf

WOOD'S FAMILY ROE AND CUT

HERRINGS AND FAMILY SHAD.

Having received many orders heretofore from persons in various parts of the country, which I could not fill, on account of the inconvenience of transportation, I have established an agency with

MESSRS. C. W. GRANDY & SONS,

Norfolk, Va., who will fill any orders that may be sent them for my fish, and forward them to any part of the country. They will always be found of superior quality and put up in the best manner, in pickle—tight packages, barrels and half barrels and half barrels. EDWARD WOOD.

Edenton, N. C., April 13-211-3awlm

BANK CAPE FEAR,

WILMINGTON, April 10, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHolders of the Bank of Cape Fear, will be held at the Banking House in Wilmington, on Thursday, the 9th. day of May next.

J. G. BURR, Cashier.

April 12-210-td

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PULMONARY DISEASES

CAN BE CURED.

DR. THOMAS H. MILES CONTINUES TO treat Thoracic Diseases by Topical Medications, or "Catheterism of the air Passages," combined with appropriate general remedies, as practiced by Prof. GREEN, of New York. This treatment is a specific for chronic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma and Incipent Consumption. References given if required. His address is Mt. Carmel, Halifax county, Va.

April 9-207-2m

St. PETERSBURG FOR SALE.

AS AGENT FOR THE OWNER, I OFFER For sale a lot known in the City Tax list as

St. PETERSBURG.

It is a square of 4 acres, situated in the Eastern part of the city, at the intersection of East and Davie Streets,—one half in heavy oak growth. It is a good location for buildings, Churches or a Cemetery.

The lot will be subdivided into several sections for building purposes. If not disposed of, privately, will be sold at public auction, on Saturday the 20th inst., on the premises.

L. W. PECK, Agent, and Auctioneer.

April 9-207-4ds

COLLINS & HEATH,

22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead-Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water-Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Beebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spence Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. All the different styles of Grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

AUCTION SALES.

St. JOHN'S COLLEGE, OXFORD N. C.

FOR SALE ON CREDIT.

THE UNDERSIGNED, IN BEHALF OF THE trustees of the above institution, and *all other parties* interested, respectfully announce, that on,

TUESDAY, THE 7TH. MAY, 1867,

they will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Oxford, the property known as

"ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, OXFORD,"

together with the MANSION HOUSE adjoining it, and about

ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF LAND,

all of which is suitable for farming or other purposes.

A better investment was never presented in North Carolina, to the capitalist.

It offers peculiar inducements to any well qualified lady or gentleman disposed to engage in the business of teaching a

First Class Female School

one of which in charge of Mr. J. H. Mills is already in *successful operation* upon the premises.

The Main or College building, situated in the middle of a large grove of white oak trees, twenty acres in extent, upon a commanding eminence near the town, is built of excellent brick; arranged with reference to all the modern improvements and conveniences. It is four stories high; 126 feet long and 66 feet through the centre; it contains the usual number of halls and rooms for a full corps of professors, and students; 53 chambers in the dormitory an elegant and tasteful spire 123 feet high and a splendid CHAPEL. This building was erected in 1858, by the MASONIC FRATERNITY of N. C. for educational purposes, and has been recently put in thorough and complete repair.

The Mansion House in the rear contains six large and airy rooms; a large porch with heavy pillars; piazzas and basements all in fine order with every necessary outbuilding complete and a fine garden and grounds.

*The Land and Mansion will be sold with the College!*

TERMS.—Cash sufficient to cover the costs of advertising and sale; bond, with approved security, payable at 6 and 12 months for the residue. Title reserved till payment.

JOHN BERRY, J. T. LITTLEJOHN, R. W. LASSITER.

Wilmington Journal, Richmond Examiner, National Intelligencer, Charlotte Democrat, Newbern Journal of Commerce, Norfolk Virginian, New York Tribune, advertise three times a week till day of sale and send accounts to the undersigned.

Mar 30-199-1s

NOTICE.

OFFICE SEABOARD & ROANOKE R. R. CO., PORTSMOUTH, VA., March 23d, 1867.

IT has been understood by the officers in charge of transportation via the Seaboard Inland Freight Route, that letters addressed to the Railroad Agent at Portsmouth, on the subject of freights, are unanswered, and that in consequence, causes of delay are not explained, and claims for losses and damage unsettled, and as the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company, who are the forwarding agents for the line, are satisfied that these causes of complaint are not due to their Agents, but to the inaccuracy of the mails, in order to test this subject, the Manager of the Seaboard Road requests that whenever persons have written to the undersigned Agent of the Seaboard Road, and after waiting a reasonable time for a reply, have not received it, that they will address him a letter enclosing a duplicate of the letter they had previously addressed to the agent. If this is complied with, and the Manager of the Seaboard Road receives the letter, he gives assurance that it shall be promptly investigated and replied to.

This Air-Line Freight Route

claims to be the most expeditious and direct route, and avoiding to a great extent *Marine Insurance*, also the cheapest freight route between the

Northern Cities

and

North and South Carolina.

As Freights consigned by the Company's connecting Steamers is forwarded from Portsmouth within twenty-four hours after being landed, there is no reason for delays, and although freights may sometimes be missent, it will in such cases be promptly traced, and if not found will be paid for. The Companies forming this line cannot be responsible for the rapid transportation of freights or charges upon it, unless sent

From BOSTON, by the

BOSTON & NORFOLK STEAMSHIP Co., End of Central Wharf.

From NEW YORK, by the

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP Co., Pier 37, North River.

From PHILADELPHIA, by

CLYDE'S STEAMERS, 14 North Delaware Avenue.

Or via the ANNAMESSIX LINE,

Depot Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore R. R.

From BALTIMORE, via the

BAY LINE STEAMERS, Foot of Union Dock.

For freight shipped to the Seaboard Company by schooners, or by other steamship lines, the Companies cannot be responsible until landed on their wharves.

Persons writing about freight that has not reached them, will please be careful to state the date of shipment, by whom shipped, from want place, by what line of steamers, and if possible enclose a copy of through receipt, to

JAS. McCARRICK, Trace Agent Seaboard and Roanoke R. R., Portsmouth, Va.

J. M. ROBINSON, Managing Director and General Sup't.

April 4-1m

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "E" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Stripes;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for CASH.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS, Family Grocer.

April 3—tf

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE.

BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.

Feb 22-168-tf

FOR SALE.

Nichols' Improved Patent Soda Fountain, No. 1 Full Charge 26 Gallons. In complete order.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO. April 1-200-tf Wholesale Grocers.

WANTED.

$10,000 in Cape Fear Bank notes and $2,500 in Bank of North Carolina notes.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO. Feb 4-152-tf Wholesale Grocers

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS.

WE ARE RECEIVING ON CONSIGNMENT a large and varied Stock of

*HARDWARE,*
*CROCKERY,*
*READY MADE CLOTHING,*
*HATS, BONNETS, &c.*
*&c. &c. &c.*

These goods will be ready for inspection by Merchants in a few days, and will be sold low for cash; and if not sold soon privately, will be offered at Auction, of which due notice will be given.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO. mar 25-193-tf Wholesale Grocers.

YARNS, PLAIDS AND SHEETINGS.

500 bunches Cotton Yarns,
1000 yards Osnaburg Plaids—*very heavy.*
1000 " Miners "
1000 " Shirtings and Sheetings.

On consignment,

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. mar 22-191-tf

COTTON IMPLEMENTS.

CALL AND SEE SOMETHING NEW AND THE best. Bayley's Cotton Planter. Seapark's Cotton Plow. At

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. mar 22-191-tf

BACON! BACON!! BACON!!!

20,000 lbs. prime Bacon Sides,
2,000 " Choice Virginia Hams and Sides,
1,000 " Canvass Hams,
750 " prime Leaf Lard in Kegs and Barrels. Arriving this day.

April 1-200-tf B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

IRON, NAILS AND SHOES.

5000 lbs. Sweedes Iron 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 10 inches wide.
10,000 lbs. all sizes Refined Bar Iron.
2,000 lbs. ½ and ¾ Round "
35 Kegs Old Dominion Nails *all sizes.*
25 " Mule Shoes.
10 " Horse "
100 lbs. Horse Shoe Nails.

In store and must be sold.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. mar 22-191-tf

BAGGING & ROPE.

2 Bales Standard Gunny Bagging.
25 Coils best Unte Rope.

In Store,

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. mar 22-191-tf

GUANO! GUANO!! GUANO!!!

60 TONS more No. 1 Peruvian Guano, daily expected. Give us your orders *at once* if you need any.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. April 1-200-tf

CANDY! CANDY!! CANDY!!!

2000 lbs. assorted Candy—in 25 and 40 lb. boxes.

In Store this day.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. April 11-209-tf

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!!

100 No. O. Plows.
50 Self Sharpener Plows.
25 A. 6. "
5 Seaparks *Cotton Plows.*
10,000 lbs. Plow Points and Landsides.
200 " Plow Bolts

Now ready for delivery.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO. Raleigh, April 11-209-tf

PHOTOGRAPHS!

PRICES REDUCED

### RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

| | |
|---|---|
| One square one time | $1,00 |
| " " each subsequent insertion less than a week | 50 |
| One square one week | 3,00 |
| Each additional square one week | 2,00 |
| One square two weeks | 5,00 |
| Each additional square two weeks | 2,50 |
| One square one month | 8,00 |
| Each additional square one month | 3,00 |
| One square two months | 10,00 |
| Each additional " | 3,50 |
| One square three months | 12,00 |
| Each additional " | 4,00 |
| One quarter column " | 25,00 |
| One half column " | 40,00 |
| One column " | 75,00 |

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.



# THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 15, 1867.


## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—We invite attention to the Card of the Messrs. Morriss, Furniture Dealers, &c., Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, and Petersburg, Va. Their stock is unusually large and handsome, and a long experience in the trade enables them to keep on hand the best and most needful articles.

Musical instruction without a Teacher: Oliver Ditson, & Co., 277 Washington Street, Boston.

A liberal reward is offered for the recovery of a gold bracelet, lost on Friday night last.

MAYOR'S COURT.—James Jones, colored: Charged with stealing two mules from Kit Whitaker, colored, of Franklin Co., by drawing the staple from the stable door.—The mules were stolen on Thursday night last, and the thief was arrested by the guard, Saturday night, endeavoring to make his escape out of town with the mules.—Thief and mules taken up and the mules delivered to the owner. Jones will be sent to Franklin for trial.

William Scott, colored: Charged with stealing an accordeon from Eliza Haywood, colored. Accordeon delivered to the owner and defendant fined $5.

Ben King, colored: Charged with retailing spirituous liquors, less than a quart, without a license. Fined $20.

James Conner: Lodged in the guard house for intoxication on the street, on Sunday. Fined $2.

MORE RELIEF.—We are pleased to announce that Gov. Worth has been notified officially that the State Commissioners of Maryland have appropriated 7,000 bushels of corn, and 35,000 pounds of bacon, to relieve the destitute in this State. Five thousand bushels of corn have already been shipped to Wilmington, accompanied by an Agent, Mr. Myers, a Baltimore merchant.—This is the first instalment of the liberal donation of the State of Maryland for the relief of the South.

THE SOUTHERN ORPHANS' RELIEF ASSOCIATION.—Mr. John Bragg, the Agent of the Southern Orphans' Relief Association, is in receipt of a telegram, which we have seen, to the effect that the recent difficulties are adjusted, and, in the language of the dispatch, that "all is right." The Richmond papers of to-day will contain satisfactory statements, which we will publish as soon as received.

EXCELLENT CHEWING TOBACCO.—We make our acknowledgments to Messrs. Williams & Haywood, for the present of a very superior article of chewing tobacco, manufactured by our friend, Col. John W. Cunningham, of Person. *Good* tobacco in this market has been a rare commodity of late, but it is here now, certain; and we advise all lovers of the weed to supply themselves at once at Messrs. Williams & Haywood's.

GREENSBORO' FEMALE COLLEGE.—The stockholders of this institution have determined to rebuild the College on its former foundation. Contracts will be made for the work as soon as 25 per cent. of the amount subscribed has been paid in.

GOOD FISHING.—We learn from the Norfolk *Day Book*, that at one haul of the seine on Albemarle Sound, on Thursday last, 45,000 herrings and 18,000 shad were landed. It is said that the fisheries of North Carolina are doing better than could have been anticipated.

AN extra session of the Southern Christian Convention will be, held at Mount Auburn, Warren County, N. C., to commence on Wednesday, the 1st day of May.

THE LATEST INVENTION, and one of the most novel, is the self-rocking cradle on exhibition and for sale at the Furniture Ware Rooms of Morris & Co., Fayetteville Street. All who are lucky enough to have that "well spring of pleasure,"—"a babe in the house,"—will do well to go and see it. It is the best thing out.

EASTERN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Norfolk *Day Book* says that every Steamer that leaves that port for Eastern North Carolina, goes loaded to her utmost capacity with goods sold and packed in that city, and (it adds) we know of large quantities of goods that have been left on the wharves because the steamers were too full to take them away.

BASE BALL MATCH.—A young friend at the University furnishes us an account of the match games played at Chapel Hill, on Friday and Saturday last, between the University Club and the Crescent Club, of Raleigh, for the championship of the State.

The first game commenced at 2 o'clock, P. M., on Friday,—the Crescents having the innings. The game was an even one all the way through, and the interest among the spectators was very great. Some very fine fly catches were made on both sides, but the University boys, by superior batting, scored the greatest number of home-runs.—The game resulted: Crescent 105 rounds; University 106. Our correspondent says:

"It is due to the Crescents to state that the issue of the game depended, to a considerable extent, on the darkness. If the game had begun half an hour sooner, the possibility is that the Crescents would have been victorious,—a consummation so devoutly wished, we understand, by the beauties of the City of Oaks. Raleigh should not be discouraged that her *Crescents waned* before the *sons* of Chapel Hill, for she has many bright *stars* that she may send up next Commencement, which cannot fail to shine with conspicuous lustre."

The second game, on Saturday, resulted as follows:

*Universities:* 78 Rounds, 6 Fly catches and one home-run.

*Crescents:* 65 Rounds, 3 Fly-catches and one home-run.

So the Universities came off victor on both occasions.

Our correspondent adds:

"It would have been a little more creditable to both sides, if the number of innings had not been so large.

Mr. Maverick, as Umpire, and Messrs. McKimmon and A. Graham, as scorers, gave universal satisfaction, while the Marshals, Messrs. Battle, Busbee and G. Graham presented a fine appearance and kept perfect order."

We have heretofore published a list of the nines, with their respective Captains.

The Crescents speak in rapturous terms of the feasting and *feting* they had, and of the generous hospitality of their friendly rivals.

NORTH CAROLINA JOURNALISM.—Mr. Hester's Masonic and Literary Journal, the *Square and Compass*, has been laid on our table. It presents a good appearance and is well filled with original and selected matter. Mr. H. possesses the energy and other qualities necessary to success, and we hope that he will meet with the fullest measure of it.

The *Independent Press* is the title of a handsome weekly, just established at Concord, under the auspices of J. M. Cross & Co. The first number is everyway creditable.—May it be well sustained.

The Newbern *Journal of Commerce* comes to us considerably enlarged,—a flattering evidence of its popularity and success.

COL. JAMES R. LOVE writes to the Asheville *News*, from New York, that he has succeeded in an arrangement by which the American Agricultural and Mineral Land Company, chartered by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, on the 26th day of February, A. D., 1867, and organized in the city of New York on the 21st day of March, A. D., 1867, will go largely into the raising of Sheep and other stock in the counties of Western North Carolina. In connection with the same business the Company hope, within a reasonable time, to erect Woolen Factories in some of the counties West of the Blue Ridge, and develope Mines.

IN LUCK.—A correspondent of the Henderson *Index* writes that paper:

"We are glad to learn that Rev. C. B. Riddick, President and owner of the Female College at Kittrell's Spring, has just gained a law suit, in Kentucky, putting him in immediate possession of property, valued at one hundred and fifty thousand ($150,000) dollars. We predict that Kittrell's will now become what it should, one of the largest Female Schools in the country. With Mr. Riddick's enterprise and enthusiasm on female education, together with his able corps of Professors, Kittrell's will equal Troy or any other School on the continent."

*THE LINCOLN LEAGUE—IMPORTANT DISCLOSURE.*

We have but recently received information that the Union League of this section held a meeting prior to the 27th March, for the purpose of appointing a Delegate to represent the League in the Raleigh Convention.

It was suggested, we learn, that Mr. Holden would no doubt represent them faithfully if appointed, as their Representative Delegate, but the league determined that they could not repose confidence in him, for, when the question was put, only *two* voted for Mr. Holden. So that it seems the colored men of Lincoln County are much more intelligent than some may have supposed they were; evidenced by their prompt rejection of the name of the gentleman proposed.

But, we must not close this brief notice without mentioning the fact, as stated to us, that the chairman of the meeting delivered a sound and appropriate as well as touching address to the League, which, if he has no objection and will place in our hand for publication, we will insert in the *Courier* free of charge.

If, as it has been represented to us, the Speaker (Mr. H.) really entertains the views he expressed, he is a reliable man and deserves the "well done" of the entire community. We hope his influence will have a happy effect upon the newly franchised class.—*Lincoln Courier.*

EXPEDITION TO RUSSIAN AMERICA.—It is rumored that a combined military and naval expedition will shortly visit Russian America for the purpose of taking formal possession of the various settlements, and also acquiring accurate information relative to the topography, climate, and resources of that country.—*Washington Chronicle.*

### NOTICE.

I will attend at the Court House, in Raleigh, on Monday, 22nd. day of April, 1867, for the purpose of taking the Tax List of Raleigh Districts No. 1 and 2, for state and County purposes. Merchants must list their purchases, (or sales as the case may be,) from July 1st. 1866, to April 1st. 1867.—Corporations, in general, list their property like individuals; shares held by individuals in such corporations are not liable to taxation; but shares in Railroads, Plank roads, Canal and Navigation Companies, must be listed by the owners thereof in the County where they reside.

I give this notice, so that Merchants and Liquor dealers, and others, may prepare their statements before coming to list.

J. D. PULLEN,
List Taker.

April 13-211-tf
Standard copy td.

# TELEGRAPHIC.

## Monday Morning Dispatches.

### WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, April 13, P. M.

The President has recovered and is receiving visitors as usual.

Hon. Henry J. Raymond, editor of the New York *Times*, has been nominated Minister to Austria.

The Internal Revenue receipts for the week are $2,400,000.

The Senate is making serious enquiry as to the premature publication of occurrences in the Executive Session.

Two illicit distillery establishments have been seized in Philadelphia.

The private boxes in the National theatre, for the Southern Relief benefit, sold for four hundred and ten dollars.

The names for Collector, Surveyor and Naval officers for Philadelphia, were sent in to-day and immediately rejected by the Senate.

### MASS MEETING IN AUGUSTA.

AUGUSTA, April 13.

At the mass meeting of freedmen to-day, about a thousand were present. The preamble and resolutions were received.

The substance of them is that the loyal citizens of Georgia should give their united and continued support to the Union Republican party; there should be no distinction on account of race or col, or in the enjoyment of political rights. The right to vote gives the right to sit on juries. Corporeal punishments should be abolished—they being relics of barbarism, &c.

J. L. Shepton, colored, spoke in support of the resolutions, but his remarks were conservative.

Gov. Johnson understood the object of the meeting to be for the purpose of advising and consulting with the colored people in order to form a common platform, on which the whites and blacks could secure equal justice before the law, and work in harmony together. He was surprised to find that the meeting was called for purely party purposes. Therefore he spoke reluctantly and under disadvantages. Had he known that the programme had been previously arranged, he would not have been present. Being politely invited, however, he did not feel at liberty to decline.

He spoke, not for the purpose of defeating the object of the resolutions, but of advising for the best interests of the colored race. He advised them to be sober and industrious; to exercise the right of franchise judiciously and to avoid dangerous and wicked men, who are in our midst to sow discontent and strife. He believed the good and intelligent men of the South would do justice to the negroes. He would do all in his power to improve the race, in a social and political scale. There should be no antagonism between the two races. Their interests are the same.—Mutual confidence and harmony should exist. And he earnestly hoped that both races would be friends and co-laborers in working out the great problem of the regeneration of the South.

The preamble and resolutions were adopted.

Many intelligent colored men disapproved the spirit of the resolutions, but the meeting was very harmonious.

Gov. Jenkins has written an address to the people of Georgia, advising non-action under the Sherman bill, until the legality of the measure is tested before the Supreme Court. He considers the law unconstitutional and has a strong hope that the Supreme Court will so decide.

### MEXICAN AND HAYTIAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, April 14.

Mexican letters confirm the rumors of the recent engagement at Cetaigs and the complete route of the Imperialists. Several roads for escape are still open to Maximilian and the people of Queretaro aid him liberally with supplies. The besieging army is suffering for food and the contest turns on the question which army will be starved out first. Escobedo is considered incompetent for his position. A portion of Coahuila is again in rebellion under the leadership of General Herrera, who proposes to erect the Leguira district into a separate State. Trouble is apprehended from this, as the opponents might easily move on Saltillo and liberate Gen. Ortega.

A letter from *Aux Cayes, Hayti*, March 21st., states that when the revolution broke out against Geffrard, the country people attacked the town but were repulsed by Geffrard's brother. There are great fears of another attack, and the impression is prevalent that conflagrations might result.

### MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 13, P. M.

Cotton a shade firmer. Sales of 2900 bales at 27 @27¼ for middling uplands; chiefly 27¼.

Flour, less active; no change in prices. State $10.25@11.35.

Corn firmer, but less active. Sales at $1,29@1,30 for mixed Western.

Pork unsettled and lower, $22.75@23.95 for new mess.

Lard 12¼@13¼.

Spirits Turpentine, 78@79.

Rosin $4@9.

Gold $1.35¼.

BALTIMORE, April 13, P. M.

Cotton, Middling Georgia 28. Middling Uplands 27@27¼. Market quiet.

Coffee; sales 1100 sacks at 12¼.

Corn, white, $1.23; Yellow $1.22

Provisions dull; bulk shoulders 9@14. Sides 11¼. Lard 13@14.

LONDON, April 13, P. M.

Consols 93¼. Erie's 38. Illinois 77¼.—Bonds 74.

LIVERPOOL, April 13.

Cotton active. Prices unchanged. Sales 12,000 bales. Middling uplands 11½. Orleans 12¼.—Breadstuffs firm.

### Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 15.

The President has nominated to the Senate Commodore Henry T. Hoff for Rear Admiral, vice Bell, retired.

The Supreme Court of the United States to-day refused to entertain the Mississippi bill against the President, but allowed the Georgia bill to be filed, as the same objection did not apply to the latter.

### SOUTH AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, April 15.

General Mosquera, of Colombia, has carried his long threatened attack upon the Congress of the Republic into execution, and has had sixty-eight of its members arrested, including Ex. President Murrillo. An army, entirely devoted to Mosquera, has overthrown the Constitutional State Government of Magdalena, and established a new one, which is entirely devoted to the Dictator.

### MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 15.

Cotton quiet at 27¼ for middling uplands.

5-20 coupons of '62 $108¼@$108¾; of '64 $107¾@$108; of '65 $108¼@$108¾. Virginia sixes 62@65. Tennessee sixes, old issue, 182@86. New issue, 103@103¾.

LIVERPOOL, April 15.

Cotton quiet. Sales 10,000 bales. Uplands 11¼@12, Orleans 12¼.


FOR SALE.

Toilet Soaps, Demulcent and Polishing Soap for Polishing Silver, Britannia and Tin Ware.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers.

Feb 11-158-tf

BACON! BACON!!

10,000 lbs., Clear Sides, Shoulders and Cumberland Cut Bacon, in Store and to arrive.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers.

April 12-210-tf


### Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B. | 62 |
| " Cape Fear | 25 |
| " Charlotte | 24 |
| " Lexington, at Graham | 20 |
| " Rockborough | 40 |
| " Wadesborough | 24 |
| " Thomasville | 40 |
| " Wilmington | 21 |
| " Commerce | 15 |
| " Washington | 6 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Yanceyville | 7 |
| Miners' and Planter's Bank | 30 |
| Farmers' Bank, Greensborough | 30 |
| Commercial Bank, Wilmington | 21 |
| Merchant's Bank, Newbern | 70 |
| Greensborough Mutual | 5 |
| Virginia Bank Notes, about | 25 |
| South Carolina " | 22 |
| Georgia " | 23 |
| Gold | 135 |
| Silver | 130 |
| Old Coupons | 40 |
| North Carolina Railroad Coupons | 87½ |
| Old Sixes | 70 |
| Exchange on New York | ¼ |

### Raleigh National Bank of North Carolina.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Cape Fear | 25 |
| " Charlotte | 24 |
| " Commerce | 15 |
| " Clarendon | 3 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Lexington | 10 |
| " Lexington at Graham | 20 |
| " North Carolina | 43 |
| " Roxboro | 40 |
| " Thomasville | 40 |
| " Wadesboro | 24 |
| " Wilmington | 21 |
| " Washington | 5 |
| " Yanceyville | 7 |
| Commercial at Wilmington | 21 |
| Farmers' Greensboro (Old) | 26 |
| Merchants', Newbern | 50 |
| Miners' and Planters' | 30 |
| Virginia Bank notes, average | 25 |
| South Carolina " | 21 |
| Georgia " | 20 |
| Gold | 128 |
| Silver | 128 |
| Old North Carolina Coupons | 42 |
| North Carolina Railroad Coupons | 85 |
| North Carolina 6's | 45 |
| Exchange on New York, ¼ | |

### PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER. RALEIGH N. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| BACON | 17@18 |
| BEEF | 11@20 |
| BUTTER | 25@35 |
| COTTON | 22@24 |
| CORN | 1 25@1 40 |
| COFFEE | 28@35 |
| EGGS | 12@15 |
| DRIED FRUIT—Apples | 12 50@3 00 |
| " Peaches, per bu. | none |
| POWDER | 3 00@5 00 |
| FLOUR—Family | 15 00@17 00 |
| " Superfine | 13 00@14 50 |
| LARD | 15@20 |
| MEAL | 1 30@1 50 |
| MOLASSES | 60@75 |
| NAILS | 9@10 |
| PEAS—White | 1 25@1 35 |
| " Stock | 1 10@1 25 |
| POTATOES—Irish | 1 75@2 25 |
| " Sweet | 60@ 50 |
| RAGS | 4@5 |
| SALT | 3 25@4 25 |
| SUGAR—Crushed | 18@22 |
| " Brown best | 15@17½ |
| " Common Brown | 12½@15 |


SPECIAL NOTICES

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. F. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified certificate, or written guarantee, that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. F. THORNTON, P. O. Box 223, Hudson, N. Y.

Apr 6-205-1ydaw

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,
April 6-205-1ydaw Troy, N. Y.

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!

200 PIECES

of all the Standard Brands, at prices to suit the times at

M. ROSENBAUM.

April 1-200-tf

250 PAIRS LADIES' SEWED SHOES AT $1,50 per pair, at

M. ROSENBAUM.

April 1-200-tf

STRIPED HOMESPUNS, JEANS, AND KERSEY, at

M. ROSENBAUM.

April 1-200-tf

ANOTHER FULL ASSORTMENT OF ZEPHYRS, at 25 cts., per ounce, at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 2-202-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BRENIZER, KELLOGG & PETERS.

BANKERS & BROKERS,

TRADE ST., SPRINGS' BUILDING.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Brenizer Kellogg & Co.

GREENSBORO' N. C.

DEALERS IN

*Gold, Silver, Bullion, Southern bank notes, Exchange, bonds, stocks and coupons.*

Collections made on all accessible points. Deposits received subject to sight checks.

*REFER TO*

BREM, BROWN & CO., Charlotte, N. C.
Dr. E. NYE HUTCHISON, "
Gov. Z. B. VANCE, Charlotte, N. C.
JESSE H. LINDSAY, Esq., Greensboro', N. C.

April 5-204-tf

SOUTHERN SHOE FACTORY.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

AS SUCCESSORS TO J. SHELLY & SON, established in 1859, with enlarged capital, the most improved machinery, and best workmen, we will sell every style of

MEN'S, BOYS',
YOUTH'S, WOMEN'S,
MISSES' AND
CHILDREN'S
PEGGED SHOES,

as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought in New York City, or elsewhere.

SHELLY BROTHERS & CO.

April 12-210-3m*

NEW CROP MOLASSES.

200 Hhds. New Crop West India Molasses, now landing, for sale in lots to suit, by

WILLARD BROTHERS,
29, 30 and 31, North Water Street,
April 13-211-1m Wilmington, N. C.
Standard Copy.

DRY GOODS.

FIRST GRAND OPENING

OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

M. ROSENBAUM,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE attention of his customers, and the Public in general, that he is now prepared to exhibit the finest line of

SPRING DRESS GOODS,

ever brought to this city, consisting in part of

*CHALLE STRIPES,*
*SILK STRIPE GRENADINES,*
*BROCADE &c.*
*STRIPED MOZAMBIQUE,*
*CHECK &c.*
*BONNET RIBBONS,*
*SPRING BALMORALS,*
*HOOP SKIRTS, &c.*

with a full stock of **Domestics**, and **House Furnishing Goods.** All of which will be offered at the lowest market prices.

April 1-200-tf.

"Just a Step or two Ahead."

FIRST SUPPLY OF NEW

SPRING DRY GOODS.

SPRING CALICOS.

French & American Lawns,

*PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED MOZAMBIQUES.*

English Barege, Organdies, &c., &c.

Good Stock Bleached Muslin,
7-8 and 4-4 unbleached "
*ALAMANCE PLAIDS &c., &c.,*

Just received at

GEO. T. COOKE'S,
Feb 26-174-tf Cheap Store.

HOME AGAIN.

ISAAC GETTINGER

is now in full receipt of his Spring and Summer stock of

*DRY GOODS,*
*READY-MADE CLOTHING,*
*BOOTS, SHOES, MILLINERY,*
*AND FANCY GOODS,*

They will be sold at a very small advance on

FIRST COST.

The Millinery business will be carried on by

MRS. GETTINGER,

in all its branches, she having been North herself and visited the first Millinery establishments in the country, laid in her own stock in person, and besides that, having a thorough knowledge of the business, will be enabled to suit one and all from *Merrick to the poor.*

Opening day for Spring and Summer Bonnets will be on the 10th. day of April, to which all her lady friends are respectfully invited.

We are also introducing a new style HOOP-SKIRT called the

*ODESSA PATENT COLLAPSING SKIRT,*

a skirt far superior to anything that has ever been brought to this country. We ask an inspection of the same. You will not regret a walk to No. 48 Fayetteville Street.

April 1-203-3m

A CARD.

BEAR IN MIND THE FOLLOWING FACTS:

1st. Our House is the oldest Dry Goods Establishment in the city,—our Junior member having been in the business nearly 20 years.

2nd. We keep one of our firm constantly in the Northern markets.

3rd. He is well posted as to quality and price of goods.

4th. We buy *for cash*: and buy goods lower by doing so.

5th. We know the wants of our customers and our goods please them.

6th. Our motto is "quick sales and small profits."

7th. We do a live business—don't keep any dead stock on hand.

8th. It is a notorious fact that we buy the best quality of goods: and sell them at low prices.

9th. We attend strictly to our business.

10th. We sell goods for cash.

11th. If we make anything, it is spent in the *improvement of our city.*

12th. *We dont keep any groceries.*

Are not the above 12 good reasons why you should buy your Dry Goods of us?

We had hoped to have carried our beautiful Spring stock to our new Store, but owing to the bad weather, have been delayed. We will sell it out at our old stand.

We can truthfully say that a handsomer stock of

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS

has never been offered in this market.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

Ladies,' Misses' and Infants' Hats.

A SUPERB STOCK, CONSISTING OF

*STRAW LACE DRIVERS,*
*SPLIT STRAW STARS,*
*11 END ROLL*
*CANTON SONTAG,*
*PEDAL,*
*RISTORI,*
*PATTI,*
*CANTON ALMA,*
*PEDAL GLADIATOR &c., &c.,*

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

LUCK IS A FORTUNE.

LAST WEEK, PRINTS AND OTHER DRY Goods fell in New York from 1¼ to 2 cents pr. yd. We bought a large stock. Since then prices have again advanced: This may be called Luck; if so, our customers shall also be in Luck by having the benefit of our cheap purchases.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

Gent's Hats, Hats, Hats.

A FULL Stock of Hats for the Spring Trade.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 26-195-tf

MERCHANTS AND OTHERS, DESIRING Goods, can purchase them from us, or have their orders filled in New York on Commission.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

mar 13-182-tf

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

*MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,*
*PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,*
*TARLETANS,*
*PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.*

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-204-tf

FRESH FIELD SEEDS.

RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,

and best variety of Garden Seeds, just received from R. Sinclair & Co., Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Auctioneer.

Feb20-165-tf

GRAND CHARITABLE

PRESENTATION CONCERT,

IN AID OF THE

Southern Orphan Association.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Virginia, January 30, 1867.

TO BE GIVEN AT THE

MARYLAND INSTITUTE

BALTIMORE,

APRIL 30th 1867

*THE PROFITS OF THIS CONCERT WILL BE GIVEN TO THE SOUTHERN ORPHANS' ASSOCIATION, TO THE SUBJOINED ADDRESS, FROM THE OFFICERS OF WHICH, WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC:*

"We, the Officers of the Southern Orphans' Association, for the maintenance and education of the destitute orphans of deceased Southern soldiers and sailors, earnestly solicit the sympathy and co-operation in our

Grand Presentation Concert,

Of all who desire to see the

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

enabled to receive and care for all the needy ones who seek its shelter and protection.

Thanking our friends for their past contributions and assistance, we again appeal to them to help us in a more extensive enterprise. It is the design of this Association to erect a

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

for the orphans of the South, both male and female, on an extensive scale, in the city of Richmond, Virginia. As an inducement to have the building located there, the Common Council of that city have guaranteed a sufficient lot of land, in an elevated and healthful location, and will increase the quantity if land if needed.

It is with a confident hope in a favorable response to this appeal to a public which has never yet failed to sustain a charitable institution, that we have entered into an arrangement with Messrs. L. T. Palmer & Co., No. 13 Holliday street, Baltimore, to organize a Grand Musical Presentation Concert for its benefit, and earnestly solicit the kindly aid and patronage of the public to ensure its success.

(Signed)
Mrs. J. L. HAMMOND, President.
Mrs. Dr. J. B. BEAN, Vice President.
Mrs. E. A. F. MEARS, Treasurer.
Mrs. Dr. A. G. KIMBERLY, Cor. Secretary.
Mr. J. H. SCHIERS, Recording Secretary.
Dr. A. G. KIMBERLY, Financial Secretary.
H. C. DALLAM, Esq., Counsellor.

BALTIMORE, Feb. —, 1867.

TRUSTEES.

Mrs. E. A. F. MEARS, Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. J. H. SCHIERS, Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. W. S. BOSTOCK, Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. A. HAWKINS, Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. Dr. A. G. KIMBERLY, Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. CHAS. McCUBBIN, Baltimore, Md.
Mrs. Hon. JAS. LYONS, Richmond, Va.
Mrs. JAS. THOMAS, Richmond, Va.
Mrs. THOS. BRANCH, Richmond, Va.

It may seem unnecessary to add a single word to the above address, but calls upon the Institution have been so numerous and pressing, and the struggle through which it is now passing to widen the circle of its charities is of such an arduous nature, that the management cannot too strongly urge upon the

HUMANE AND PATHETIC

everywhere, an active participation in this additional attempt to alleviate the sad condition of great numbers of helpless children, rendered thus by the terrible war through which we have passed. And, assuredly, whatever may have been the relative political views of ladies and gentlemen heretofore, all must agree that the children referred to, could not, by any possibility, have had any agency in bringing about their present

DEPLORABLE AND DESTITUTE CONDITION,

and are suitable objects for the charity of all persons of whatever shade of political opinion. The

"HOME AND SCHOOL"

which they now more particularly seek to establish and endow, will be of incalculable benefit by providing not only food and raiment for these helpless ones, but likewise solid and thorough education, thus qualifying them for

Future Usefulness to Society at Large.

In order that this appeal may be effectual in enlisting the active interest and co-operation of all classes of persons everywhere, we have concluded to issue for the

Grand Presentation Musical Concert,

500,000 tickets at the nominal price of $1 each—a single ticket entitling the purchaser to a gift—there being one gift to every ticket. The gifts are as follows:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | An elegant Farm of 241 acres improved with extensive dwellings and outbuildings, saw and grist mill, making the property invaluable | $30,000 00 |
| 2 | A gift of $10,000 in gold valued at | 15,500 00 |
| 3 | A Farm of ten acres, highly improved, near the city of Baltimore | 10,000 00 |
| 4 | A gift in Greenbacks | 5,000 00 |
| 5 | A three-story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore | 5,000 00 |
| 6 | A three story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore | 4,500 00 |
| 7 | A two story Brick House, with modern improvements, in Baltimore | 3,000 00 |
| 8 | Two gifts in Greenbacks, ($1,000 each) | 2,000 00 |
| 9 | Ten " " (500 each) | 5,000 00 |
| 10 | Fifty " " (100 each) | 5,000 00 |
| 11 | One hundred " ( 50 each) | 5,000 00 |
| 12 | One Grand Piano | 1,500 00 |
| 13 | One Grand Piano | 1,000 00 |
| 14 | Two Square Pianos, (500 each) | 1,000 00 |
| 15 | Ten Parlor Organs, (150 each) | 1,500 00 |
| 16 | One hundred gent's Gold Watches, (150 each) | 15,000 00 |
| 17 | One hundred ladies' Gold Watches, (100 each) | 10,000 00 |
| 18 | Fifty silver-plated Tea Sets, (75 each) | 3,750 00 |
| 19 | One hundred Elliptic Sewing Machines, (75 each) | 7,500 00 |
| 20 | One hundred gent's Silver Watches, [65 each] | 6,500 00 |
| 21 | One hundred ladies' fine Gold Chains and Pins, (40 each) | 4,000 00 |
| 22 | Two hundred Oil Paintings, (20 each) | 4,000 00 |
| 23 | Five hundred Bibles, (20 each) | 10,000 00 |
| 24 | Two thousand copies "Pollard's Southern History, [5] | 10,000 00 |
| 25 | Two thousand Photographic Albums, [5] | 10,000 00 |
| 26 | Two thousand fine Gold Pens in cases, 5 | 10,000 00 |
| 27 | Five hundred Plain Gold Rings, 8 | 4,000 00 |
| 28 | Two thousand sets Silver Plated Tea Spoons, 3 | 6,000 00 |
| 29 | Two thousand Call Bells, Napkin Rings, &c., 3 | 6,000 00 |

The balance consists of the following articles: Musical Instruments, Music Boxes, Ladies' Work Boxes, Ladies' and Gent's Gloves, Ladies' and Gent's Riding Whips, Opera Glasses, Writing Desks, Office and Parlor Furniture, Black Walnut Frames, Engravings, etc.

The whole amounting to an aggregate of $[illegible] VALUABLE GIFTS.

PLAN OF DRAWING

Duplicate numbers from 1 to [illegible] are placed in a wheel: the [illegible] draws the highest number gets the [illegible] when drawn out, the next highest number gets the next gift, &c., until the whole [illegible] The distributing will take place in the presence of [illegible] sort who will be appointed by the Managers, and the distribution will be conducted by [illegible] in charge of the same.

All agents and purchasers will be furnished with a correct list of the gifts.

Under, and in pursuance of the provisions of the Internal Revenue Law, [illegible] missioner of Internal Revenue, [illegible] proof, granted a permit to the [illegible] Association to hold its Gift Concerts [illegible] Concerts, whether from the sale of tickets or [illegible] for duty in respect to such Gift Concerts.

REFERENCES.

Lt. Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, New Orleans.
Brig. Gen. JEFF. THOMPSON, New Orleans.
Maj. Gen. S. B. BUCKNER, New Orleans.
J. B. SEAN, M. D., Baltimore.
J. BALDERSTON, M. D., Baltimore.
J. B. Morrow, Publisher, Baltimore.
(Formerly of J. S. Morrow & Co.)
J. F. NIMMO, Baltimore.
C. M. STEIFF, Baltimore.
C. McKEEVER & CO., Baltimore.

All orders and communications should be addressed to the Central Office,

L. T. PALMER & CO.,
No. 13 Holliday Street, Baltimore,
Managing Directors.

Tickets can be had of JNO. BRAGG, Southern Express Office, Raleigh.

April 3-2w

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARKS & LITTLEJOHN,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, MARKS & CO.,)

General Grocers

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 6 OLD STR[illegible]

OPPOSITE SYC[illegible]

Petersburg.

Will attend to the Sale of all Produce and Merchandize, of every description, sent to their care and will also purchase any goods not in their line.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Can also furnish Fertilizers of any kind to farmers on accommodating terms.

J. A. MARKS, W. H. LITTLEJOHN,
*Late of Anderson, Marks & Co. of Franklin Co., N. C.*

Feb 18-184-3m

FERTILIZERS

FOR SPRING CROPS.

WE beg to inform the trade and planters of North Carolina and Virginia, that we are prepared to furnish them with the most approved FERTILIZERS, on the most accommodating terms. We will have a stock of genuine PERUVIAN GUANO, purchased direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.

We have now in store, for immediate delivery, 325 tons BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, which won for itself such an enviable reputation in the Cotton and Tobacco counties of North Carolina and Virginia, last season, proving itself equal, and in many important respects, superior to the Peruvian G[illegible] We give an analysis of it as ascertained by Dr. Hayes, one of the most eminent Chemists in the country:

Results of Analysis of Made of Bradley's Patent Super-Phosphate of Lime, as now sold by Wm. L. Bradley.

| | |
|---|---|
| 100 PARTS CONSIST OF | |
| Moisture | 8.30 |
| Prepared animal mat

# THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY, APRIL 15, 1867.


### TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

High hopes, that burn like stars sublime,
Go down the skies of Freedom;
And true hearts perish in the time
We bitterest need 'em;
But never sit we down and say,
"There's nothing left but sorrow;"
We walk the wilderness to-day—
The Promised Land to-morrow.

Our buds of song are sleet now—
There are no flowers blooming;
But life burns in the frozen bough,
And Freedom's spring is coming;
The Freedom's tide comes up always,
Though we may strand in sorrow,
And our good park—aground to-day,
Shall float again to-morrow!

Through all the long, drear night of years,
The people's cry ascended,
And earth's wet cheek with blood and tears,
Ere our meek suffering's ended;
The few shall not forever sway,
The many toil in sorrow;
The bars of Hell are strong to-day,
But Christ shall rise to-morrow.

Though hearts to-day o'er the past, our eyes
With sorrow-dews glisten;
And hope to-day looks up the skies
Down on the earth and listen;
The world rolls round to Heaven's radiant way,
And ripens with our sorrow;
Keep heart! who bears the cross to-day
Shall wear the crown to-morrow!

Oh, Youth! flame earnest; still aspire
With energies immortal;
To many a heaven of desire
Our yearning opes a portal;
And though Age walketh by the way,
And hearts break in the furrow,
We'll sow the golden grain to-day—
The harvest comes to-morrow!

Build up heroic lives, and all
Be like the obedient silex,
Ready to flash out at God's command—
Oh! Chivalry of Labor!
Triumph and toil are twins—and aye
Jove sang the chants of sorrow;
And 'tis the manly deeds to-day
Brings victory to-morrow.

### LOOKING AT THE BRIGHT SIDE.

Here is a letter from a wife in Massachusetts to her husband in California. She don't intend going through the world with the blues:

"My dear Husband:—As it is now some time since you left for California, I suppose you would be glad to hear how we are getting along in your absence. I am happy to say we are enjoying very good health on the whole. Just at present two of the boys have got the small-pox; Amanda Jane has got the typhus fever; Samuel got hooked by a cow the other day, and little Peter has just chopped off three of his fingers with a hatchet. It a mercy he didn't chop them all off. With these trifling exceptions, we are all well and getting along nicely.

You needn't be at all anxious about us.—I almost forgot to say that Sarah Matilda eloped last week with a tin pedlar. Poor girl! She's been waiting for a chance and I'm glad she's married at last. She needn't have taken the trouble to elope though, for I'm sure I was glad enough to have her go. She was a great eater, and I find baked beans don't go off near so fast as they did. The way the girl would dip into pork and beans was a caution to the rest of the family. The cow took it into her head to run away, which was very fortunate, I am sure, for the barn caught fire last night and was consumed. I was in hopes that the house would go too, for it's inconvenient; but the wind was the wrong way, so it did not receive much injury. Some boys broke into the orchard the other day and stripped all the fruit trees. I am very glad of it, for if they hadn't I presume the children would have made themselves ill."

The Atlanta *Ladies' Home* tells the following: During the first year of the war quite a passion prevailed for a military style of dress for children as well as grown persons, and any number of little boys might have been seen promenading the fashionable thoroughfares in uniform. Among those who rejoiced in a suit of gray was little Charley ——, who boarded with his mother at a fashionable hotel in L——. Charley, besides being a very pretty child, was exceedingly sprightly and talkative, and, consequently, attracted a great deal of notice from the boarders. One evening, having escaped his mamma's vigilance, he made straight for the office, where quite a number of gentlemen were assembled, discussing the war and other momentous questions; one of them, a great lover of fun, took the little fellow up and commenced plying him with questions, to hear his sharp answers. Finally, he said: "Charley, you are a very little boy to wear this uniform; I think I will take it from you; you are entirely too small to be a soldier." The child opened wide his clear blue eyes, looked earnestly at young G——, and replied: "Well, Mr. G——, if I is too little to wear it, you's too big not to wear it;" after which Charley ran off, leaving G—— considerably embarrassed by the merriment excited among the crowd of bystanders, who agreed with Charley that all such able-bodied young men should wear a "suit of gray."

LEGAL ADVICE.—An old lawyer was giving advice to his son, who was entering the practice of his father's profession.

"Son," said the counsellor, "if you have sense where the law is clearly on your side, but the justice seems to be against you, urge upon the jury the vast importance of sustaining the law. If, on the other hand, you are in doubt about the law, but if your client's case is founded on justice insist on the necessity of doing justice, though the heavens fall!"

"But," asks the son, "how shall I manage a case when both law and justice are dead against me?"

"In that case, my son, talk around it, talk around it."

A celebrated French preacher, in a sermon upon the duty of wives, said: "I see in this congregation, a woman who has been guilty of disobedience to her husband, and in order to point her out, I will fling my breviary at her head." He lifted his book, and every female head ducked.

A top has been invented in Paris, called the prolific top; it is set spinning by means of a thread and needle. As soon as it is fairly in motion, a half dozen small tops come out of it—how? that is the inventor's secret—and begin to spin around it like the satellites around Jupiter, and after some time the top re-absorbs them.

The Christian life is not an engagement by contract between a master and his servant. It is the union of two hearts—that of the Saviour and the saved—by the enduring ties of the most intimate love.

Massachusetts is the most densely populated of any State in the Union, averaging one hundred and forty-seven persons to a square mile. Rhode Island comes next, averaging one hundred and thirty-three persons to [illegible]

## THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

### SENATE.

[Radical members marked "R;" Conservatives marked "C."

CONNECTICUT.
James Dixon, c.
Orris S Ferry, r

CALIFORNIA.
John Conness, r
Cornelius Cole, r

DELAWARE.
Jos Read Riddle, c
Willard Saulsbury, c

ILLINOIS.
Richard Yates, r
Vacancy.

INDIANA.
Thos A Hendricks, c
Lyman Trumbull, r

IOWA.
James W Grimes, r
James Harlan, r

KANSAS
Vacancy
Do

MAINE.
Lott M Morrill, r
W P Fessenden, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
Chas Sumner, r
Henry Wilson, r

MARYLAND.
Reverdy Johnson, c
Vacancy

MISSOURI.
John B Henderson, r
C D Drake, r

MICHIGAN.
Zachariah Chandler, r
Jacob M Howard, r

KENTUCKY.
James Guthrie, c
Vacancy.

MINNESOTA.
Alex Ramsay, r
Dan'l S Norton, c

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Aaron H Cragin, r
Jas W Patterson, r

NEW YORK.
Edwin D Morgan, r
Roscoe Conkling, r

NEW JERSEY.
A G Cattell, r
F T Frelinghuysen, r

NEVADA.
Wm M Stewart, r
Vacancy

OHIO.
Benj. F Wade, r
John Sherman, r

OREGON.
Geo H Williams, r
Henry W Corbett, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
Chas R Buckalew, c
Simon Cameron, r

RHODE ISLAND.
Wm Sprague, r
Henry B Anthony, r

TENNESSEE.
David T Fowler, r
J S Patterson, c

VERMONT.
Geo F Edmunds, r
Simon Cameron, r

WISCONSIN.
Jas B. Doolittle, r
Vacancy.

WEST VIRGINIA.
Peter G Van Winkle, r
Waitman T Willey, r

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW YORK.
1 Stephen Tabor, c
2 Demas Barnes, c
3 Wm E Robinson, c
4 John Fox, c
5 John Morrissey, c
6 Thos E Stewart, c
7 John W Chandler, c
8 James Brooks, c
9 Fernando Wood, c
10 Wm H Robertson, r
11 Chas H Van Wyck, r
12 John H Kerrehan, r
13 Thos Cornell, r
14 J V L Pruyn, c
15 J A Griswold, r
16 Orange Ferris, r
17 C T Hulburd, r
18 James M Marvin, r
19 Wm C Fields, r
20 A H Ladin, r
21 Roscoe Conkling, r
22 J C Churchill, r
23 Dennis McCarthy, r
24 T M Pomeroy, r
25 Wm H Kelsey r
26 Wm S Lincoln, r
27 Hamilton Ward, r
28 Lewis Selye, r
29 Burt Van Horn, r
30 J M Humphrey, c
31 H Van Aernam, r

DELAWARE.
John Nicholson, c

ILLINOIS.
1 N B Judd, r
2 J F Farnsworth, r
3 E B Washburne, r
4 A C Harding, r
5 E C Ingersoll, r
6 Burton C Cook, r
7 H P H Bromwell, r
8 Shelby McCullum, r
9 Lewis W Ross, c
10 A G Burr, c
11 Sam'l Marshall, c
12 John Baker, r
13 G B Baum, r
At large, J A Logan, r

INDIANA.
1 Wm E Niblack, c
2 Michael C Kerr, c
3 G H Hunter, c
4 Wm S Holman, c
5 Geo W Julian, r
6 John Colburn, r
7 H D Washburne, r
8 Godlove S Orth, r
9 Schuyler Colfax, r
10 Wm Williams, r
11 Jno P C Shanks, r

IOWA.
1 James F Wilson, r
2 Hiram Price, r
3 Wm B Allison, r
4 W M Longbridge, r
5 G M Dodge, r
6 Asahel W Hubbard, r

KANSAS.
Sidney Clark, r

MAINE.
1 John Lynch, r
2 Sidney Perham, r
3 James G Blaine, r
4 John A Peters, r
5 Fred'k A Pike, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
1 Thos D Eliot, r
2 Oakes Ames, r
3 Ginery Twitchell, r
4 Sam'l Hooper, r
5 Benj. F. Butler, r
6 Nat P Banks, r
7 Geo S Boutwell, r
8 John B D Baldwin, r
9 W B Washburne, r
10 Henry L Dawes, r

MARYLAND.
1 Hiram McCullough, c
2 S Arthur, c
3 C E Phelps, c
4 Francis Thomas, r
5 Frederick Stone, c

Connecticut, California, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Tennessee, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to elect.

MISSOURI.
1 Wm A File, r
2 C A Newcom, r
3 Thos E Noell, c
4 J J Gravelly, r
5 J W McClung, r
6 B T Van Horn, r
7 Benj F Loan, r
8 J F Benjamin, r
9 G W Anderson, r

MICHIGAN.
1 Fer C Beamen, r
2 Chas Upson, r
3 Austin Blair, r
4 Thos W Ferry, r
5 B E Trowbridge, r
6 John F Driggs, r

MINNESOTA.
1 Wm Windom, r
2 Ignatius Donnelly, r

NEW JERSEY.
1 William Moore, r
2 Wm A Newell, r
3 Chas Sitgreaves, c
4 John Hill, r
5 G A Halsey, r

NEVADA.
Delos R Ashley, r

OHIO.
1 Benj Eggleston, r
2 R B Hayes, r
3 Robt C Schenck, r
4 Wm Lawrence, r
5 Wm H Mungen, c
6 R W Clark, r
7 Sam'l Shellabarger, r
8 C S Hamilton, r
9 Ralph P Buckland, r
10 James M Ashley, r
11 John T Wilcox, r
12 P Van Trump, c
13 G W Morgan c
14 Martin Welker, r
15 Tobias A Plants, r
16 John A Bingham, r
17 Ephraim R Eckley, r
18 Rufus P Spalding, r
19 James A Garfield, r

OREGON.
J D H Henderson, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
1 Samuel J Randall, c
2 Charles O'Neill, r
3 Leonard Myers, r
4 W D Kelley, r
5 Caleb N Taylor, r
6 D Markely Boyer, c
7 John M Broomall, r
8 Lawrence Getz, c
9 Thaddeus Stevens, r
10 Henry L Cake, r
11 D M Van Auken, c
12 Charles Dennison, c
13 Ulysses F Mercer, r
14 Geo F Miller, r
15 A J Goldsbrenner, c
16 Wm H Koontz, r
17 Daniel S Morrell, r
18 Stephen F Wilson, r
19 G W Schofield, r
20 Darwin A Finney, r
21 John Covode, r
22 J K Moorhead, r
23 Thomas Williams, r
24 G V Lawrence, r

VERMONT.
1 E E Woodbridge, r
2 Luke Poland, r
3 W C Smith, r

WISCONSIN
1 Halbert E Paine, r
2 Benj F Hopkins, r
3 Amasa Cobb, r
4 Chas A Eldridge, c
5 Philetus Sawyer, r
6 C C Washburne, r

WEST VIRGINIA.
1 C D Hubbard, r
2 Benj M Kitchen, r
3 Daniel Polsey, r

### U. S. Judiciary

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:

Mr Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr Justice Nelson, New York
Mr Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr Justice Swayne, Ohio
Mr Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr Justice Field, California
Mr Justice Stansbury, Ohio
Reporter, John W Wallace, Ohio
Marshal, D S Gooding
Clerk D W Middleton

The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks. District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.


## WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FAMILY SUPPLIES.

20 Fifty lb. Kegs Crushed Sugar.
20 half bbls. E. L and P. R. Sugars.
10 Quarter Sacks old Java Coffee.
10 Sacks prime Rio. "
5 " Choice Laguayra "
20 bbls. "Patapsco" and "Orange Grove" Flour.
10 " "Carroll" Family "
10 Sacks "Rogers" "
100 [illegible] Choice Southampton Hams and Sides.
[illegible] pure Leaf Lard.
[illegible] "Bases" Pale Ale. *English.*
[illegible] Ribbert's London Brown Stout.
[illegible] English and American Pickles.
[illegible] and Ten gallon Kegs "Bee Hive" Syrup.
20 " gallon Kegs Madeira, Port and Sherry Wine.
20 " " pure French Brandy and Gin.
10 Boxes Brown Soaps.
20 " Fancy Toilet Soaps.
All of the above are of the best quality and we guarantee will give satisfaction.

B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Raleigh, April 11-209-tf

BACON! BACON!!

10,000 lbs., Clear Sides, Shoulders and Cumberland Cut Bacon, in Store and to arrive.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
April 12-210-tf Wholesale Grocers.

IMPERIAL GREEN TEA.

Just arrived and for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
April 12-210-tf Wholesale Grocers.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

CORN! CORN! CORN!

I have on hand a lot of Prime WHITE CORN, which I will sell low, at the lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL.

MEAL! MEAL! MEAL!

[illegible] constantly on hand and for sale PURE WHITE [illegible]

DOUGLAS BELL.

[illegible] just

DOUGLAS BELL.

[illegible] FLOUR.

[illegible] FAMILY FLOUR, just

DOUGLAS BELL'S,
Market Square.


## Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

### THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established; Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature, elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel states, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th section of the Sherman Bill:

**Proposed Constitutional Amendment.**

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

**An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.**

*Be it enacted*, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, House of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

*Approved July 2, 1862*

### SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or states included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any state, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of one hundred members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted, by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents therein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."


CORN AND COTTON PLANTERS, &c.

Just receiving as Agent, direct from the manufacturers, and sold at their prices, adding cost of transportation:

Sinclair's celebrated Corn Planter.
Smith's Virginia Ditto.
Lancaster and Herno Cotton Planters.
Montgomery's Maryland Cutting Knife.
Sinclair's Propeller ditto.
Smith's Virginia. Do
Marsh's new Cotton Plow, Corn Shellers, Cultivators and Harrows.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
mar 12-181-tf Agent.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

An Old Song, set to a New Tune.

1867.

*As spring approaches*
*Ants and Roaches*
*From their holes come out.*
*And Mice and Rats*
*In spite of cats,*
*Gaily skip about.*

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterm's

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator

Is a liquid or wash—used to destroy, and also as a preventive for *Bed-Bugs, &c.*

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths, Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c.*

!!! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.

See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy

Address, HENRY R. COSTAR,
484 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold in Raleigh N. C.

By—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

And all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

"COSTAR'S,"
CELEBRATED
BUCKTHORN SALVE,

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Wounds, Boils, Cancers, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Bleeding, Blind and Painful Piles; Scrofulous, Putrid and Ill-conditioned Sores; Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Eruptions, Cutaneous Affections, Ringworm, Itch, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, &c; Chapped Hands, Lips, &c.;
Bites of Spiders, Insects, Animals, &c., &c.

Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

And by—P. F. PESCUD, and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh, N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
UNIVERSAL
CORN SOLVENT,

For Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c.

Boxes 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
PREPARATION OF
BITTER SWEET & ORANGE BLOSSOMS

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

Used to Soften and Beautify the Skin, remove Freckles, Pimples, Eruptions, &c.

Ladies are now using it in preference to all others.

Bottles, $1.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
PECTORAL
COUGH REMEDY,

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchial Affections, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.

"COSTAR'S"
CELEBRATED
BISHOP PILLS,
A UNIVERSAL DINNER PILL.

For Nervous and Sick Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Colics, Chills, Fevers, and general derangement of the Digestive Organs.

Boxes, 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1 sizes.

Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

And by HENRY R. COSTAR, Depot 484 Broadway, N. Y.

And by—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Raleigh N. C.
mar 29-198-Sndaw

## EDUCATIONAL.

KITTRELL'S SPRINGS
FEMALE CLOLLEGE.

GRANVILLE CO., N. C.

Within a half Mile of Kittrell's Depot, on the Raleigh & Weldon Railroad.

FACULTY:

REV. C. B. RIDDICK, President,
Professor Belles Lettres.
REV. J. S. B. CLARKE, Chaplain,
and Prof. Men. and Moral Philosophy.
REV. JOSEPH H. RIDDICK,
Prof. Anc. Languages.
WILL LOFTIN HARGRAVE, A. M.,
Professor Music and Modern Languages.
THOS. A. GATCH, A. M.,
Professor Mathematics and Natural Sciences.
Miss BETTIE A. THACKSTON,
Higher English and Academic Department.
Miss E. ROSA THACKSTON,
Ornamental Department.
Miss LUCY A. FOSTER,
Piano.
Miss MARY A. CUNNINGHAM,
Piano.
Miss BLANCHE FENTRESS,
Piano and Guitar.
Miss AMANDA HICKS,
Piano.
——— ———
Organ & Solfeggio.
———
Matron.
Col. SIMON G. HAYS,
Domestic Department.
THOS. C. HINES, M. D.,
Resident Physician.

The Fall Session of this Institution closed 22rd. day of December. The Spring Session opened the 1st. Wednesday in January, and will continue 20 weeks.

The success of this school has been without a parallel. A new building has just been completed, by which a large additional number can be accommodated. We are determined to make our pupils as comfortable as they can be made anywhere, and to afford them all the advantage for a thorough and extensive education, that can be found at any First class Female College, North or South.

The location is a most delightful one. The Mineral Water is too well known to the whole country to need a remark. Even invalid young ladies may secure a thorough education, and at the same time the restoration of their health. Reference is made to every intelligent Physician in the State, as well as to the hundreds who have found relief here.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required.—*In the single item of dress parents can save 25 per cent. of the entire expense incurred by sending to Boarding Schools located in cities or villages.*—This Institution is certainly one of the cheapest and most easy of access in the Southern States.—Besides, it offers the most superior advantages in every respect.

For particulars address,
REV. C. B. RIDDICK,
Feb 2-151-3m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

## BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

SPRING IMPORTATION.
1867.
RIBBONS,
Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

RIBBONS, BONNET SILKS & SATINS,
Blonds, Netts, Crapes, Velvets, Ruches,
Flowers, Feathers,
*STRAW BONNETS AND LADIES' HATS*
TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,
SHAKER HOODS, &c.
237 and 239 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.
Feb 26-179-2m*

1867. SPRING 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN
*FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC*
DRY GOODS,
No. 258 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE,

offer a large and handsome stock, to which they ask the
ATTENTION OF THE TRADE.
mar 21-190-3m*

POOLE & HUNT,
Baltimore,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
*LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,*
ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and ngers.
mar 29-198-6m.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

PIONEER
YEAST POWDER

USE THIS, LADIES, AND NO OTHER,
With your PASTRY have no bother;
At every grocers you can get it,
Try a box and ne'er regret it.

This YEAST POWDER is used by all first-class Hotels and Restaurants through the county, and is finding its way into every household where good Yeast Powder is appreciated. Samples free. Every box warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded. Manufactured by TAYLOR & YOUNG, No. 186 Front street, New York.

For sale by
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
April 4-203-1m Wholesale Grocers.

NOTICE.

As assignees of J. F. Foard, we shall sell at the Court House door in the city of Raleigh, on the 5th. day of May 1867, *one hundred and eighty-two Shares* of the Capital Stock of the Lockville Mining and Manufacturing Company.

Terms made known on day of sale.

ALEX. WALKER,
O. C. FARRAR,